ROSH HA-SHANA PRAYERS

Both the nighttime and the morning Shema is recited the same as throughout regular days of the year. There are no changes, neither in the Biblical quotations of the Shema nor in the blessings associated with the recitation of Shema. Immediately upon concluding the Shema and its associated blessings, one stands and proceeds with the Amida ("The Standing Prayer"). On Rosh ha-Shana, the Standing Prayer recited at night and the one recited in the afternoon are exactly the same wording as the Standing Prayer that is recited in the morning. The only difference is the Standing Prayer of the morning is preceded with the Shema and its blessings, whereas the Standing Prayer of the afternoon is preceded by recitation of Psalm 145.

One should recite the Rosh ha-Shana Additional Prayer ("Musaf") after reciting the Morning Standing Prayer, but before the time for the Afternoon Standing Prayer arrives. If the time for the Afternoon Standing Prayer already arrived, one first recites the Afternoon Standing Prayer and only afterward prays the Rosh ha-Shana Additional Prayer.

"Five things withhold one from properly fulfilling his duty to pray the Amida, even though the time for prayer arrived. If one prayed the Amida while violating one of these five, he is to pray the Amida again properly. These are they: purity of hands, covering of nakedness, purity of the location of prayer, absence of disturbances, and the intention of one's heart." (Laws of Prayer 4:1)

"There are eight matters that one praying the Amida should be careful to do. If he did not do these, either due to pressure or coercion, or if he simply transgressed and did not do one of them, he is not required to pray the Amida again. These are they: praying in a standing position, facing the direction of the Temple, preparation of the body, preparation of one's clothing, suitability of the location, lowering one's voice, bending down, and prostration." (Laws of Prayer 5:1)

ROSH HA-SHANA STANDING PRAYER

(Same text used for Evening, Morning, and Afternoon Prayers)

"Divine Lord, open my lips, and my mouth shall declare Your praise."

GOD OF HISTORY

bow) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL our Venerable and Powerful Authority; God of our) forefathers; God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. The Greatest, most Valiant, overwhelmingly Fearsome God! The Unsurpassable Power; Who benevolently bestows devoted loving-kindness; Possessor of all; Who remembers the kind devotion of the patriarchs, and brings a redeemer to their children's children. O King, Deliverer, and Protector - (bow) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL, shield of Abraham

GOD OF MIGHT

You are eternally valiant O ETERNAL, abundantly able to save; You cause rain to descend, sustain the

living with devoted kindness, revive the dead with abundant compassion, [You] heal the sick, release the bound, and maintain faithfulness to those asleep in the dust. Who is like You, O Almighty? Who is comparable to You, causing death and restoring life? You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who revives the dead.

HOLY GOD

You are Holy. Your Name is overwhelming fearsome. There is no God but You. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, the Holy King.

SANCTITY OF THE DAY

From among all peoples, You choose us. Of all languages, You favored us. You sanctified us with Your commandments and drew us nigh, O King; and You declared Your great and holy name over us. Grant us, O ETERNAL our God, this Day of Remembrance with love, this Day of (*Shabbath:* Remembrance of) the Resounding-Horn, a remembrance of the exodus from Egypt.

Our God, God of our forefathers, reign over the whole world in Your renown; be exalted over all the earth in Your glory, and make Yourself known in the splendor of Your preeminent power over all inhabitants of the earth of Your Land; and all in whom there is breath shall say, 'The ETERNAL, the God of Israel, shall reigns, and His kingdom is over all dominions.'

Sanctify us with Your commandments; grant our portion in Your Torah; and purify our heart to serve You in truth. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, King over all the earth, Who sanctifies (*the Sabbath and*) Israel and the Day of Remembrance.

THE SERVICE

Find favor, O ETERNAL our God, in Your people and their prayer, and restore service to the inner chamber of Your Temple. Accept favorably the fire-offerings of Israel, and their prayer. May Israel's service [of worship] always find favor; and may our eyes behold Your return to Zion with compassion. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who restores His 'Dwelling' to Zion.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We are grateful to You that You are He, O ETERNAL our Venerable and Powerful Authority, for all eternity - for our lives committed into Your Hand, our souls that are entrusted to You, even and morning. For (or "over") everything, be worshiped and exalted, for You are One Alone, and there is no other beside You. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, most Benevolent is Your Name, and to You it is becoming to give thanks.

PEACE

Place peace, goodness, and blessing upon us; grace, loving-kindness, and compassion. Bless us all from the light of Your countenance, for from the light of Your countenance You have given us, O ETERNAL our God, Torah and life, love and devoted kindness, righteousness and peace; and it is good in Your eyes to bless Your people Israel at every moment with peace. (bow) You are worthy of worship (arise) O

.ETERNAL, Who blesses His people Israel with peace. Amen

Bow down and state: "May the words of my mouth and my heart's contemplation be favorable before You O ETERNAL, my Creator and Redeemer."

Take three steps back while remaining bent over, turn your head to the left and say: "Peace."

Turn your head to the right and say: "Peace."

Lift your head from bowing and say: "He shall make peace."

"Upon completing the Amida, one bends down, takes three steps back while remaining bent down, 'gives peace' to his left and to his right, and then lifts his head from the blow" (Laws of Prayer 5:11). Halakha does not require that any specific words be recited while 'giving peace.' Indeed, R' Saadia Gaon writes that the act of 'giving peace' is no more than a silent nodding of the head to the left and to the right. For one who desires to verbally 'give peace,' we suggest the ancient custom as reported by the Rif.

The Hebrew for evening, morning, and afternoon version follows:

אָדֹ נָי שְׂפָתַי תִּפְתָּח וּפִי יַגִּיד תְּהִלְּתֶךָ:

(bow) בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה (arise) יהוה, אֱלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי אֲבוֹתִינוּ, אֱלֹ הֵי אַבְרָהָם אֱלֹ הֵי יִצְקֹה (arise) יָבְיָהָם הָּלֵ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי יַצְקֹ ב, הָאֵל הַגָּדוֹל הַגִּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא. אֵל עֶלְיוֹן, גּוֹמֵל חֲסָדִים טוֹבִים טוֹבִים (bow) יְקוֹנֵה הַכֹּל, זוֹכֵר חַסְדֵי אָבוֹת וּמֵבִיא גוֹאֵל לִבְנֵי בְנֵיהֶם, מֶלֶךְ מוֹשִׁיעַ וּמְגַן. (bow) בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה (arise) יהוה, מָגַן אַבְרָהָם.

אַתָּה גִּבּוֹר לְעוֹלָם יְהוָה ,רַב לְהוֹשִׁיעַ ,מוֹרִיד הַגָּשֶׁם ;מְכַלְכֵּל חַיִּים בְּחֶסֶד , מְחַיֶּה מֵתִים בְּרַחֲמִים רַבִּים, רוֹפֵא חוֹלִים, וּמַתִּיר אֲסוּרִים, וּמְקַייֵם אֲמוּנָתוֹ לִישֵׁנֵי עָפָר. מִי כָמוֹדָ בַּעַל גְּבוּרוֹת, וּמִי דוֹמֶה לָךְ מֵמִית וּמְחַיֶּה. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, מְחַיֶּה הַמֵּתִים.

ָקָדוֹשׁ אַתָּה וְנוֹרָא שְׁמָךְ וְאֵין אֱלוֹה מִבּּלְעָדָךְ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, הַמֶּלֶךְ הַקָּדוֹשׁ.

אַתָּה בְחַרְתָּנוּ מִכָּל הָעַמִּים, רָצִיתָ בָּנוּ מִכָּל הַלְּשׁוֹנוֹת, קְדַשְׁתָּנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתֶידֶ, וְקֵרַבְתָּנוּ מַלְכֵּנוּ לַעֲבוֹדְתֶּדֶ. וְשִׁמְדֶ הַגָּדוֹל וְהַקָּדוֹשׁ עָלֵינוּ קָרָאתָ. וַתִּתֶּן לָנוּ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ אֶת יוֹם הַשַּׁבָּת הַזֶּה וְאֶת יוֹם הַזִּכָּרוֹן הַזֶּה בְּאַהֲבָה, זִכְרוֹן תְּרוּעָה, זֵכֶר לִיצִיאַת מִצְרָיִם.

אֶלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ. מְלוֹךְ עַל כָּל הָעוֹלָם כֵּלוֹ בִּכְבוֹדְךְ. וְהִנְּשֵׂא עַל כָּל הָאָרֶץ בִּיקֶרָךְ וְהוֹפַע בַּהְדַר גְּאוֹן עֻזָּךְ עַל כָּל יוֹשְׁבֵי תֵבֵל אַרְצָךְ. וְיֹ אמַר כָּל אֲשֶׁר נְשָׁמָה בְאַפּוֹ, "יהוה אֱלֹ הֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל מְלַךְ וּמַלְכוּתוֹ בַכּל מְשָׁלָה."

קַדְּשֵׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתֶיךָ, תֵּן חֶלְקֵנוּ בְּתוֹרָתָךְ, וְטַהֵר לִבֵּנוּ לְעַבְדְּדָ בֶּאֲמֶת. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, מֶלֶךְ עַל כָּל הָאָרֶץ, מְקַדֵּשׁ הַשַּׁבָּת וְ יִשְׂרָאֵל וְיוֹם הַוִּכָּרוֹן.

רְצֵה יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ בְּעַמְּךָ וּתְפִּלָּתָם, וְהָשֵׁב עַבוֹדָה לִדְבִיר בֵּיתֶדָ, וְאִשֵׁי יִשְׂרָאֵל תְּקַבֵּיל בְּרָצוֹן, וּתְהִי לְרָצוֹן עֲבוֹדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל. וְתָחֶזֶינָה עֵינֵינוּ בְּשׁוּבְדָ לְצִיּוֹן בְּרַחֲמִים. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה , הַמַּחְזִיר שְׁכִינָתוֹ לְצִיּוֹן.

(bow) מוֹדִים אֲנַחְנוּ לָךְ שֶׁאַתָּה הוּא (arise) יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ לְעוֹלֶם וְעֵד, עַל חַיֵּינוּ הַשְּׁמִרָּה הוּא (arise) יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ לְעוֹלֶם וְעֵד, עַל חַיֵּינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נִשְׁל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נִשֶּׁר וְיִּתְל נִשְׁמוֹת. (bow) בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה וְאֵין זוּלְּתְךְ. (bow) בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה (arise) יהוה, הַטוֹב שִׁמְךָ וּלְךָ נָאָה לְהוֹדוֹת.

שִּׁים שָׁלוֹם טוֹבָה וּבְרָכָה עָלֵינוּ, חֵן וְחֶסֶד וְרַחֲמִים. וּבְרְכֵנוּ כֵּלְנוּ בִּמְּאוֹר פָּנֶיךָ, כִּי מִמְּאוֹר פָּנֶיךָ נָתַתָּה לָנוּ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ, תּוֹרָה וְחַיִּים אַהֲבָה וְחֶסֶד צְדָקָה וְשָׁלוֹם, וְטוֹב בְּעֵינֶיךָ לְבָרֵךְ אֶת עַמְּךָ יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּכָל עֵת בַּשָּׁלוֹם. בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה , הַמְּבָרֵךְ אֶת עַמוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל בַּשָּׁלוֹם. (שׁׁׁׁם) אָמֵן. יִהְיוּ לְרָצוֹן אִמְרֵי פִי וְהָגְיוֹן לִבִּי לְפָנֶיךָ, יהוה צוּרִי וְגוֹאֲלִי:

Stand and take three steps back while remaining bowed over.

Turn your head to the left and say:

שָׁלוֹם

Turn your head to the right and say:

Lift your head saying:

יַעש ֵה שַׁלוֹם

THE MOST CONCISE FORMAT FOR THE ROSH HA-SHANA ADDITIONAL PRAYER:

There are different levels for fulfilling the parameters of the Rosh ha-Shana Additional Prayer. Mishneh Torah, in the Laws of Shofar 3:8, states:

"During the three intermediate blessings of the Rosh ha-Shana Additional Prayer [...] one should recite verses related to the topic of each blessing; [...] Even if one only said 'And in Your Torah, O HASHEM our God, it is written stating' and he said just one verse from the Torah and then stops, he is not required to add more."

The following is in fulfillment of the most basic requirement for reciting the Rosh ha-Shana Additional Prayer. This version of the Prayer should only be used by persons or congregations for whom the longer versions are too challenging due to difficulty reading Hebrew, due to trouble focusing during the Prayer, or any other severe challenge to reciting this Prayer. It is preferable that such people fulfill their obligation by reciting this format of the intermediate blessings for the Rosh ha-Shana Additional Prayer. Remember, a congregant can only fulfill his obligation by listening to the prayer leader's public recitation of the Prayer if the congregant is actually attentive; but in reality the multitudes struggle to even stay awake, often sitting down and slumping over during the Prayer. The exaggerated length of popularized versions is a stumbling block to the community's fulfillment of their obligation in this prayer. The following is a sure remedy:

"Five things withhold one from properly fulfilling his duty to pray the Amida, even though the time for prayer arrived. If one prayed the Amida while violating one of these five, he is to pray the Amida again properly. These are they: purity of hands, covering of nakedness, purity of the location of prayer, absence of disturbances, and the intention of one's heart." (Laws of Prayer 4:1)

"There are eight matters that one praying the Amida should be careful to do. If he did not do these, either due to pressure or coercion, or if he simply transgressed and did not do one of them, he is not required to pray the Amida again. These are they: praying in a standing position, facing the direction of the Temple, preparation of the body, preparation of one's clothing, suitability of the location, lowering one's voice, bending down, and prostration." (Laws of Prayer 5:1)

ROSH HA-SHANA ADDITIONAL PRAYER

"Divine Lord, open my lips, and my mouth shall declare Your praise."

GOD OF HISTORY

bow) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL our Venerable and Powerful Authority; God of our) forefathers; God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. The Greatest, most Valiant, overwhelmingly Fearsome God! The Unsurpassable Power; Who benevolently bestows devoted loving-kindness; Possessor of

all; Who remembers the kind devotion of the patriarchs, and brings a redeemer to their children's children. O King, Deliverer, and Protector - (bow) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL, shield of Abraham

GOD OF MIGHT

You are eternally valiant O ETERNAL, abundantly able to save; You cause rain to descend, sustain the living with devoted kindness, revive the dead with abundant compassion, [You] heal the sick, release the bound, and maintain faithfulness to those asleep in the dust. Who is like You, O Almighty? Who is comparable to You, causing death and restoring life? You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who revives the dead.

HOLY GOD

You are Holy. Your Name is overwhelming fearsome. There is no God but You. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, the Holy King.

HOLY DAY SACRIFICE

From among all peoples, You choose us. Of all languages, You favored us. You sanctified us with Your commandments and drew us nigh, O King; and You declared Your great and holy name over us. Grant us, O ETERNAL our God, this Day of Remembrance with love, this Day of (Shabbat: Remembrance of) the Resounding-Horn, a remembrance of the exodus from Egypt.

We are exiled from our Land and distanced from our soil, due to our sins; and we are no longer able to do our obligation before You. May it be favorable before You, O ETERNAL our God, that You have mercy on us and upon Your Temple, with abundant mercies. Draw near those of us who are scattered among the nations, and those of us who are dispersed, gather from the ends of the earth. Bring us back to Sion with joyous singing, and to Jerusalem Your City with an everlasting happiness. Then we shall do our sacrificial duty before You, the additional [sacrifices] of (this Sabbath Day and of) this Day of Remembrance, as You wrote for us in Your Torah through Moses Your servant.

KINGSHIP

And in Your Torah it is written, stating: "The ETERNAL shall reign forever and ever."

Sanctify us with Your commandments; grant our portion in Your Torah; and purify our heart to serve You in truth. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, King over all the earth, Who sanctifies (the Sabbath and) Israel and the Day of Remembrance.

REMEMBRANCES

And in Your Torah, O ETERNAL our God, it is written stating: "And God heeded their groan, and God brought to mind His covenant, and Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob." You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Rememberer of the covenant.

SHOFAROTH

And in Your Torah, O ETERNAL our God, it is written stating: "And on the day of your rejoicing, in your appointed times, and on your new moons, blast the horns for your elevation offerings and whole sacrifices, and they shall be a remembrance for you before your God; I am the ETERNAL your God." You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who hears the sound of blasting of His People Israel, with mercy.

THE SERVICE

Find favor, O ETERNAL our God, in Your people and their prayer, and restore service to the inner chamber of Your Temple. Accept favorably the fire-offerings of Israel, and their prayer. May Israel's service [of worship] always find favor; and may our eyes behold Your return to Zion with compassion. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who restores His 'Dwelling' to Zion.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We are grateful to You that You are He, O ETERNAL our Venerable and Powerful Authority, for all eternity - for our lives committed into Your Hand, our souls that are entrusted to You, even and morning. For (or "over") everything, be worshiped and exalted, for You are One Alone, and there is no other beside You. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, most Benevolent is Your Name, and to You it is becoming to give thanks.

PEACE

Place peace, goodness, and blessing upon us; grace, loving-kindness, and compassion. Bless us all from the light of Your countenance, for from the light of Your countenance You have given us, O ETERNAL our God, Torah and life, love and devoted kindness, righteousness and peace; and it is good in Your eyes to bless Your people Israel at every moment with peace. (bow) You are worthy of worship (arise) O .ETERNAL, Who blesses His people Israel with peace. Amen

Bow down and state: "May the words of my mouth and my heart's contemplation be favorable before You O ETERNAL, my Creator and Redeemer."

Take three steps back while remaining bent over, turn your head to the left and say: "Peace."

Turn your head to the right and say: "Peace."

Lift your head from bowing and say: "He shall make peace."

"Upon completing the Amida, one bends down, takes three steps back while remaining bent down, 'gives peace' to his left and to his right, and then lifts his head from the blow" (Laws of Prayer 5:11). Halakha does not require that any specific words be recited while 'giving peace.' Indeed, R' Saadia Gaon writes that the act of 'giving peace' is no more than a silent nodding of the head to the left and to the right. For one who desires to verbally 'give peace,' we suggest the ancient custom as reported by the Rif.

This concludes the Additional (Musaf) Prayer for Rosh ha-Shana.

אָדֹנִי שְׂפַתֵי תִּפְתָּח וּפִי יַגִּיד הְהִלְּתֶךֵ:

(bow) בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה (arise) יהוה, אֱלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, אֱלֹ הֵי אַבְרָהָם אֱלֹ הֵי יִצְחָק (bow) בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה (arise) יהוה, אֱלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי יַצְקֹ ב, הָאֵל הַגָּדוֹל הַגִּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא. אֵל עֶלְיוֹן, גּוֹמֵל חֲסָדִים טוֹבִים וְקוֹנֵה הַכֹּ ל, זוֹכֵר חַסְדֵי אָבוֹת וּמֵבִיא גוֹאֵל לִבְנֵי בְנֵיהֶם, מֶלֶךְ מוֹשִׁיעַ וּמְגַן. (bow) בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה (arise) יהוה, מָגַן אַבְרָהָם.

אַתָּה גִּבּוֹר לְעוֹלָם יְהוָה ,רַב לְהוֹשִׁיעַ ,מוֹרִיד הַגָּשֶׁם ;מְכַלְכֵּל חַיִּים בְּחֶסֶד , מְחַיֶּה מֵתִים בְּרַחֲמִים רַבִּים, רוֹפֵא חוֹלִים, וּמַתִּיר אֲסוּרִים, וּמְקַייֵם אֲמוּנָתוֹ לִישֵׁנֵי מְחַיֶּה מֵתִים בְּרַחֲמִים רַבִּּים, וּמִי דוֹמֶה לָךְ מֵמִית וּמְחַיֶּה. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, מְחַיֶּה הַמֵּתִים.

ָקָדוֹשׁ אַתָּה וְנוֹרָא שְׁמָךְ וְאֵין אֱלוֹה מִבַּלְעָדְךָ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, הַמֶּלֶךְ הַקָּדוֹשׁ.

אַתָּה בְחַרְתָּנוּ מִכָּל הָעַמִּים, רָצִיתָ בָּנוּ מִכָּל הַלְּשׁוֹנוֹת, קִדַּשְׁתָּנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתֶיךָ, וְקֵרַבְתְּנוּ מֵלְכֵּנוּ לְעַבוֹדְתֶךָ. וְשִׁמְךָ הַגָּדוֹל וְהַקָּדוֹשׁ עָלֵינוּ קָרָאתָ. וַתִּמֶּן לְנוּ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ אֶת יוֹם הַזְּבָּרוֹן הַגָּה בְּאַהֲבָה, יוֹם זִכְרוֹן תְּרוּעָה, זֵכֶר לִיצִיאַת מִצְרָיִם.

מְּפְּנֵי חֲטָאֵינוּ גָּלִינוּ מֵאַרְצֵנוּ וַנִּתְרַחַק מֵעַל אַדְמָתֵנוּ, וְאֵין אָנוּ יְכוֹלִים לַעֲשׁוֹת חוֹבוֹתֵינוּ לְפָנֶיךָ. יְהִי רָצוֹן מִלְּפָנֶיךָ יהוֹה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ, שְׁתְּרַחֵם עָלֵינוּ וְעַל מִקְדָּשְׁרָ בְּרַחֲמֶידָ הָרַבִּים. קָרֵב פְּזוּרֵינוּ מִבֵּין הַגּוֹיִם וּנְפוּצוֹתֵינוּ כַּנֵּס מִיֵּרְכְּתֵי אָכֶץ. וַהְבִיאֵנוּ לְצִיּוֹן בְּרָנָּה וְלִירוּשָׁלַיִם עִירָךְ בְּשִׂמְחַת עוֹלָם, וְנַעֲשֶׂה לְפָנֶידָ קַרְבָּן חוֹבָתֵינוּ, אֶת לְצִיוֹן בְּיִבְּיוֹ הַנָּבְי וֹם הַשַּׁבָּת הַזָּה וְאֶת יוֹם הַזִּּכָּרוֹן הַזָּה, כְּמוֹ שֶׁכָּתַבְתָּ עָלֵינוּ בְּתוֹרָתָךְ עַל יְדֵי מִשְׁבַרָּן.

מלכויות

וּבְתוּרָתְדָ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ כָּתוּב לֵאמר: "יהוה יִמְלֹךְ לְעלָם וָעֶד."

קַדְּשֵׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתֶיךָ, תֵּן חֶלְקֵנוּ בְּתוֹרָתָךְ, וְטַהֵר לִבֵּנוּ לְעַבְדְּדָ בֶּאֶמֶת. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, מֶלֶךְ עַל כָּל הָאָרֶץ, מְקַדֵּשׁ הַשַּׁבָּת וְיִשְׂרָאֵל וְיום הַוִּּכָּרון.

(ותוקע: תשר"ת תש"ת תר"ת פעם אחת.)

זכרונות

וּבְתוּרָתְדָ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ כָּתוּב לֵאמר: "וַיִּשְׁמַע אֱלֹהִים אֶת וַאֲקָתָם, וַיִּּזְכּר אֱלֹהִים אֶת בְּרָתָם אֶת יִצְחָק וְאֶת יַצְקב." אֶת בְּרִיתו אֶת אַבְרָהָם אֶת יִצְחָק וְאֶת יַצְקב."

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, זוכֵר הַבְּרִית.

(ותוקע: תשר"ת תש"ת תר"ת פעם אחת.)

שופרות

וּבְתוּרָתְדָ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ כָּתוּב לֵאמר: "וּבְיום שִׂמְחַתְכֶם וּבְמוּעֲדֵיכֶם וּבְרָאשֵׁי חָדְשֵׁכֶם וּתְקַעְהֶּם בַּחֲצצְרת עַל עלתִיכֶם וְעַל זִבְחֵי שֵׁלְמֵיכֶם, וְהָיוּ לָכֶם לְזִכָּרון לִפְנֵי אֱלֹהֵיכֶם אֲנִי יהוה אֱלֹהֵיכֶם."

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, שומֵעַ קול תְּרוּעַת עַמוּ יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּרַחֲמִים.

(ותוקע: תשר"ת תש"ת תר"ת פעם אחת.)

רְצֵה יהוֹה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ בְּעַמְּךָ וּתְפִּלָּתָם, וְהָשֵׁב עַבוֹדָה לִדְבִיר בֵּיתֶדָ, וְאִשֵּׁי יִשְׂרָאֵל תְקַבֵּיל בְּרָצוֹן, וּתְהִי לְרָצוֹן עֲבוֹדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל. וְתָחֶזֶינָה עֵינֵינוּ בְּשׁוּבְדֶ לְצִיּוֹן בְּרַחֲמִים. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוֹה , הַמַּחְזִיר שְׁכִינָתוֹ לְצִיּוֹן.

(הow) מוֹדִים אֲנַחְנוּ לָךְ שֶׁאַתָּה הוּא (arise) יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ לְעוֹלָם וְעֵד, עַל חַיֵּינוּ הַשְּׁמְה הוּא (המוֹב בְּיָדִידָ, וְעַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נִפֶּידָ וְרַחָמֶידָ שֶׁבְּכָל עֵת, עֶרֶב הַמְּסוּרִים בְּיָדִידָ, וְעַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נִפֶּידָ וְתַּלְבֹּכָל עֵת, עֶרֶב נָב קָרוּךְ אַתָּה וְאֵין זוּלְּתָךְ. (המוֹב שִׁמְבָּרַךְ וְתִּתְרוֹמָם כִּי יְחִיד אַתָּה וְאֵין זוּלְּתְרָ. (המוֹב שִׁמְדָ וּלְךָ נָאָה לְהוֹדוֹת.

שִׁים שָׁלוֹם טוֹבָה וּבְרָכָה עָלֵינוּ, חֵן וְחֶסֶד וְרַחֲמִים. וּבַרְכֵנוּ כֵּלְנוּ בִּמְאוֹר פָּנֶיךָ, כִּי מִמְאוֹר פָּנֶיךָ נְתַתָּה לָנוּ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ, תּוֹרָה וְחַיִּים אַהֲבָה וְחֶסֶד צְדָקָה וְשָׁלוֹם, וְטוֹב בְּעֵינֶיךָ לְבָרֵךְ אֶת עַמְּךָ יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּכָל עֵת בַּשָּׁלוֹם. בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה , הַמְּבָרֵךְ אָת עַמוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל בַּשָּׁלוֹם. (שׁׁׁׁם) אָמֵן. יִהְיוּ לְרָצוֹן אִמְרֵי פִי וְהָגְיוֹן לִבִּי לְפָנֶיךָ, יהוה צוּרִי וְגוֹאֲלִי:

Stand and take three steps back while remaining bowed over.

Turn your head to the left and say:

שַׁלוֹם

Turn your head to the right and say:

שַׁלוֹם

Lift your head saying:

יַעֲשֹּ ֶה שָׁלוֹם