ENGLISH

YOM HA-KIPPURIM PRAYERS

(For individuals)

Both the nighttime and the morning Shema is recited the same as throughout regular days of the year. There are no changes, neither in the Biblical quotations of the Shema nor in the blessings associated with the recitation of Shema. Immediately upon concluding the Shema and its associated blessings, one stands and proceeds with the Amida ("The Standing Prayer"). There are five Amidas on Yom ha-Kippurim. The Standing Prayer recited at night, the one recited in the afternoon, and the one recited at sunset, are all exactly the same wording as the Standing Prayer that is recited in the morning.

One should recite the Yom ha-Kippurim Additional Prayer ("Musaf") after reciting the Morning Standing Prayer, but before the time for the Afternoon Standing Prayer arrives. If the time for the Afternoon Standing Prayer already arrived, one first recites the Afternoon Standing Prayer and only afterward prays the Yom ha-Kippurim Additional Prayer.

ARVITH

Nighttime Shema

You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL our God, King of the Universe, Who by His word brings on the evenings; Who causes light to pass before darkness, and darkness before light. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who brings on the evenings.

With an everlasting love, You love Your People Israel; and You will never remove Your love from them. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who loves His People Israel.

(Elongate the sound of "n" in the word "One," long enough to renew your acceptance of God's dominion over the heavens, the earth, and all creation.)

Hear O Israel: the ETERNAL is our God; the ETERNAL is One.

You shall love the ETERNAL your God with all your heart and with all your being and with all your resources. These words that I command you this day shall be on your heart. You shall teach them diligently to your sons and shall speak about them when you sit in your house and when you walk on the way, and when you lie down and when you rise up. You shall bind them upon your arm as a symbol and they shall be as *tefillin* on your forehead. You shall write them on the doorposts of your house and on your gates. (Deut. 6:4-9)

And it shall be that if you earnestly obey My commandments which I command you today, to love the ETERNAL your God and serve Him with all your heart and with all your soul, then I will give you the rain for your land in its season, the early rain and the latter rain, that you may gather in your grain, your new wine, and your oil. And I will send grass in your fields for your livestock, that you may eat and be filled. Take heed to yourselves, lest your heart be deceived, and you turn aside and serve other gods and worship them, lest the ETERNAL's anger be aroused against you, and He shut up the heavens so that there be no rain, and the land yield no produce, and you perish quickly from the good land which the ETERNAL is giving you. Therefore you shall lay up these words of mine in your heart and in your soul, and bind them as a sign on your hand, and they shall be as frontlets between your eyes. You shall teach them to your children, speaking of them when you sit in your house, when you walk by the way, when you lie down, and when you rise up. And you shall write them on the doorposts of your house and on your gates, that your days and the days of your children may be multiplied in the land of which the ETERNAL swore to your fathers to give them, like the days of the heavens above the earth. (Deut. 11:13-21)

Again the ETERNAL spoke to Moses, saying, Speak to the children of Israel: Tell them to make tassels on the corners of their garments throughout their generations, and to put a blue thread in the tassels of the corners. And you shall have the tassel, that you may look upon it and remember all the commandments of the ETERNAL and do them, and that you may not follow the harlotry to which your own heart and your own eyes are inclined, and that you may remember and do all My commandments, and be holy for your God. I am the ETERNAL your God, who brought you out of the land of Egypt, to be your God: I am the ETERNAL your God."

(Num. 15:37-41)

Truly and faithfully You have established it; They saw Your might manifested in the sea; with great joy they together proclaimed: "Who is like You among the powers, O ETERNAL? Who is like You, mighty in holiness? Immensely awesome to praise; Doer of wonders! They praised You, accepted Your kingship, and said: the ETERNAL shall reign everlasting!" And they said, "The ETERNAL of hosts, our Redeemer, is His Name - the Holy One of Israel!" You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Redeemer of Israel.

Lay us down in peace, O ETERNAL our God, and cause us to arise with life; and spread over us the shelter of Your peace. May our eyes see, our hearts rejoice, and our souls exult in Your deliverance, at the saying to Sion: "Your God reigns!" For the dominion is Yours, and forever shall You reign glorious! You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who in His glory reigns perpetual, Self-existent and Eternal - forever. Amen.

Nighttime Standing Prayer

(voluntary)

"Five things withhold one from properly fulfilling his duty to pray the Amida, even though the time for prayer arrived. [...] These are they: purity of hands, covering of nakedness, purity of the location of prayer, absence of disturbances, and the intention of one's heart." (Laws of Prayer 4:1)

"There are eight matters that one praying the Amida should be careful to do. If he did not do these, either due to pressure or coercion, or if he simply transgressed and did not do one of them, he is not required to pray the Amida again. These are they: praying in a standing position, facing the direction of the Temple, preparation of the body, preparation of one's clothing, suitability of the location, lowering one's voice, bending down, and prostration." (Laws of Prayer 5:1)

"Divine Lord, open my lips, and my mouth shall declare Your praise."

GOD OF HISTORY

(bow down) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL our Venerable and Powerful Authority; God of our forefathers; God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. The Greatest, most Valiant, overwhelmingly Fearsome God! The Unsurpassable Power; Who benevolently bestows devoted loving-kindness; Possessor of all; Who remembers the kind devotion of the patriarchs, and brings a redeemer to their children's children. O King, Deliverer, and Protector - (bow down) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL, shield of Abraham.

GOD OF MIGHT

You are eternally valiant O ETERNAL, abundantly able to save; You cause dew to descend, sustain the living with devoted kindness, revive the dead with abundant compassion, [You] heal the sick, release the bound, and maintain faithfulness to those asleep in the dust. Who is like You, O Almighty? Who is comparable to You, causing death and restoring life? You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who revives the dead.

HOLY GOD

You are Holy. Your Name is overwhelming fearsome. There is no God but You. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, the Holy King.

SANCTITY OF THE DAY

From among all peoples, You choose us. Of all languages, You favored us. You sanctified us with Your commandments and drew us nigh, O King; and You declared Your great and holy name over us. Grant us, O ETERNAL our God, this Day of Atonement for pardon and forgiveness, and that on it all our transgressions be atoned; a holy convocation, a remembrance of the exodus from Egypt.

Our God, God of our forefathers, forgive our transgressions on this day. Erase our wickedness from before Your eyes and cause it to pass away, as it is stated: "I, I am He Who blots out your wickedness for My sake, and your transgressions I shall remember no more." And it is written: "I have blotted out your wickedness as with a thick cloud; and your transgressions as with a cloud. Return to Me, for I redeem you." And it is written: "For by this day shall you be atoned, to purify you; be purified from all your transgressions in the presence of the ETERNAL."

Purify our heart to serve You in truth, for You are the ETERNAL, the true God. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, King over all the earth, Who sanctifies (*the Sabbath and*) Israel and the Day of Atonement.

THE SERVICE

Find favor, O ETERNAL our God, in Your people and their prayer, and restore service to the inner chamber of Your Temple. Accept favorably the fire-offerings of Israel, and their prayer. May Israel's service [of worship] always find favor; and may our eyes behold Your return to Zion with compassion. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who restores His 'Dwelling' to Zion.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

(bow down) We are grateful to You that You are He, (arise) O ETERNAL our Venerable and Powerful Authority, for all eternity - for our lives committed into Your Hand, our souls that are entrusted to You, even and morning. For (or "over") everything, be worshiped and exalted, for You are One Alone, and there is no other beside You. (bow down) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL, most Benevolent is Your Name, and to You it is becoming to give thanks.

PEACE

Place peace, goodness, and blessing upon us; grace, loving-kindness, and compassion. Bless us all from the light of Your countenance, for from the light of Your countenance You have given us, O ETERNAL our God, Torah and life, love and devoted kindness, righteousness and peace; and it is good in Your eyes to bless Your people Israel at every moment with peace. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who blesses His people Israel with peace. (bow down) Amen.

At this point one remains bowed down and proceeds to make penitent confession before God, along the lines of the following: "I implore You O ETERNAL; I have transgressed, acted wrongly, and wickedly before You. I have [elaborate on whatever sins were committed], and behold - I regret it and am embarrassed by my actions. I hereby commit to never return to doing these things again." (Laws of Prayer 1:2)

The formalized traditional text of confession can be found on the last page. However, one is not required to recite it. After confessing, while maintaining a bowed position, **continue**:

"May the words of my mouth and my heart's contemplation be favorable before You O ETERNAL, my Creator and Redeemer."

Take three steps back while remaining bent over, turn your head to the left and say: "Peace."

Turn your head to the right and say: "Peace."

Lift your head from bowing and say: "He shall make peace."

(It is sufficient to merely nod to the left, to the right, and then lift one's head. What is said while nodding is non-binding tradition.)

SHAHARITH

Morning Shema

You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL our God, King of the Universe, Who forms light and creates darkness; makes peace and creates all things; Who illuminates the earth and those who dwell upon it; Who continually, every day, renews the act of creation. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Former of the luminaries.

You love us with an everlasting love, O ETERNAL our God; and with exceedingly abundant mercy you have mercy on us, for the sake of our forefathers who trusted in You. Teach us the statutes of life; Indeed, O compassionate Father, our Father, grant us grace. Have compassion on us, O Compassionate One. Allow our hearts to understand, hear, learn, teach, guard, do, and uphold all the matters of Your Torah's instruction, with love. Enlighten our eyes with Your commandments and instill Your fear in our hearts. Unite our hearts to love Your Name, and so we shall not be eternally shamed; for we have trusted in Your great, holy, and fearsomely awesome Name. From the four extremities of the earth, bring us to peace and direct us to our land with upright confidence. We shall rejoice in Your deliverance, for You have chosen us from every people and language and drawn us near to Your Name to thank You and proclaim Your singularity. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who chooses His people Israel.

(Elongate the sound of "n" in the word "One," long enough to renew your acceptance of God's dominion over the heavens, the earth, and all creation.)

Hear O Israel: the ETERNAL is our God; the ETERNAL is One.

(Whisper: Worshipful is the Name of His Royal Majesty, forever and ever.)

You shall love the ETERNAL your God with all your heart and with all your being and with all your resources. These words that I command you this day shall be on your heart. You shall teach them diligently to your sons and shall speak about them when you sit in your house and when you walk on the way, and when you lie down and when you rise up. You shall bind them

upon your arm as a symbol and they shall be as *tefillin* on your forehead. You shall write them on the doorposts of your house and on your gates. (Deut. 6:4-9)

And it shall be that if you earnestly obey My commandments which I command you today, to love the ETERNAL your God and serve Him with all your heart and with all your soul, then I will give you the rain for your land in its season, the early rain and the latter rain, that you may gather in your grain, your new wine, and your oil. And I will send grass in your fields for your livestock, that you may eat and be filled. Take heed to yourselves, lest your heart be deceived, and you turn aside and serve other gods and worship them, lest the ETERNAL's anger be aroused against you, and He shut up the heavens so that there be no rain, and the land yield no produce, and you perish quickly from the good land which the ETERNAL is giving you. Therefore you shall lay up these words of mine in your heart and in your soul, and bind them as a sign on your hand, and they shall be as frontlets between your eyes. You shall teach them to your children, speaking of them when you sit in your house, when you walk by the way, when you lie down, and when you rise up. And you shall write them on the doorposts of your house and on your gates, that your days and the days of your children may be multiplied in the land of which the ETERNAL swore to your fathers to give them, like the days of the heavens above the earth. (Deut. 11:13-21)

Again the ETERNAL spoke to Moses, saying, Speak to the children of Israel: Tell them to make tassels on the corners of their garments throughout their generations, and to put a blue thread in the tassels of the corners. And you shall have the tassel, that you may look upon it and remember all the commandments of the ETERNAL and do them, and that you may not follow the harlotry to which your own heart and your own eyes are inclined, and that you may remember and do all My commandments, and be holy for your God. I am the ETERNAL your God, who brought you out of the land of Egypt, to be your God: I am the ETERNAL your God."

(Num. 15:37-41)

True and fair, established and enduring, upright and trustworthy, goodly and beautiful is this matter to us and our forefathers, our children, and all our generations; upon the early and later generations - this testament endures, a law that shall never pass away. It is true! You are the ETERNAL our God, God of our forefathers; our King, King of our forefathers; our Redeemer, and Redeemer of our forefathers -- this is Your renown from of old; we have no other God but You!

You are our forefathers' help from of old; You shield and deliver their children after them, in each and every generation. Happy is the man who heeds Your commandments; who places Your Word, the Torah, upon his heart. It is true! You are Your people's Lord and King, valiant to fight their fights. It is true! You are the First and the Final [Deity]; we have no savior but You! You redeemed us from Egypt; from the house of bondage You liberated us; and all their firstborn You killed. You split the Sea of Reeds, brought the cherished ones across, and water covered their foes - none remained. For this the redeemed praised and exalted God. The cherished ones gave forth musical songs of praise to the Self-Existent and Eternal God, the King. High and lifted up! Fearsomely awesome and great! He lowers the haughty; lifts the lowly; releases the bound; liberates the humble; and when His people cry out to Him, He answers. Worshipful is He! Everyone sang to you, saying, "Who is like You among the powers? Who is like You, mightily holy, too awesome for praise, Doer of wonders!" "The ETERNAL shall reign everlasting!" Our Redeemer - the ETERNAL of hosts is His name! - the Holy One of Israel; You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Redeemer of Israel.

Morning Standing Prayer

"Five things withhold one from properly fulfilling his duty to pray the Amida, even though the time for prayer arrived. If one prayed the Amida while violating one of these five, he is to pray the Amida again properly. These are they: purity of hands, covering of nakedness, purity of the location of prayer, absence of disturbances, and the intention of one's heart." (Laws of Prayer 4:1)

"There are eight matters that one praying the Amida should be careful to do. If he did not do these, either due to pressure or coercion, or if he simply transgressed and did not do one of them, he is not required to pray the Amida again. These are they: praying in a standing position, facing the direction of the Temple, preparation of the body, preparation of one's clothing, suitability of the location, lowering one's voice, bending down, and prostration." (Laws of Prayer 5:1)

"Divine Lord, open my lips, and my mouth shall declare Your praise."

GOD OF HISTORY

(bow down) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL our Venerable and Powerful Authority; God of our forefathers; God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. The Greatest, most Valiant, overwhelmingly Fearsome God! The Unsurpassable Power; Who benevolently bestows devoted loving-kindness; Possessor of all; Who remembers the kind devotion of the patriarchs, and brings a redeemer to their children's children. O King, Deliverer, and Protector - (bow down) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL, shield of Abraham.

GOD OF MIGHT

You are eternally valiant O ETERNAL, abundantly able to save; You cause dew to descend, sustain the living with devoted kindness, revive the dead with abundant compassion, [You] heal the sick, release the bound, and maintain faithfulness to those asleep in the dust. Who is like You, O Almighty? Who is comparable to You, causing death and restoring life? You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who revives the dead.

HOLY GOD

You are Holy. Your Name is overwhelming fearsome. There is no God but You. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, the Holy King.

SANCTITY OF THE DAY

From among all peoples, You choose us. Of all languages, You favored us. You sanctified us with Your commandments and drew us nigh, O King; and You declared Your great and holy name over us. Grant us, O ETERNAL our God, this Day of Atonement for pardon and forgiveness, and that on it all our transgressions be atoned; a holy convocation, a remembrance of the exodus from Egypt.

Our God, God of our forefathers, forgive our transgressions on this day. Erase our wickedness from before Your eyes and cause it to pass away, as it is stated: "I, I am He Who blots out your wickedness

for My sake, and your transgressions I shall remember no more." And it is written: "I have blotted out your wickedness as with a thick cloud; and your transgressions as with a cloud. Return to Me, for I redeem you." And it is written: "For by this day shall you be atoned, to purify you; be purified from all your transgressions in the presence of the ETERNAL."

Purify our heart to serve You in truth, for You are the ETERNAL, the true God. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, King over all the earth, Who sanctifies (*the Sabbath and*) Israel and the Day of Atonement.

THE SERVICE

Find favor, O ETERNAL our God, in Your people and their prayer, and restore service to the inner chamber of Your Temple. Accept favorably the fire-offerings of Israel, and their prayer. May Israel's service [of worship] always find favor; and may our eyes behold Your return to Zion with compassion. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who restores His 'Dwelling' to Zion.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

(bow down) We are grateful to You that You are He, (arise) O ETERNAL our Venerable and Powerful Authority, for all eternity - for our lives committed into Your Hand, our souls that are entrusted to You, even and morning. For (or "over") everything, be worshiped and exalted, for You are One Alone, and there is no other beside You. (bow down) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL, most Benevolent is Your Name, and to You it is becoming to give thanks.

PEACE

Place peace, goodness, and blessing upon us; grace, loving-kindness, and compassion. Bless us all from the light of Your countenance, for from the light of Your countenance You have given us, O ETERNAL our God, Torah and life, love and devoted kindness, righteousness and peace; and it is good in Your eyes to bless Your people Israel at every moment with peace. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who blesses His people Israel with peace. (bow down) Amen.

At this point one remains bowed down and proceeds to make penitent confession before God, along the lines of the following:

"I implore You O ETERNAL; I have transgressed, acted wrongly, and wickedly before You.

I have [elaborate on whatever sins were committed], and behold - I regret it and am embarrassed by my actions.

I hereby commit to never return to doing these things again." (Laws of Prayer 1:2)

The formalized traditional text of confession can be found on the last page. However, one is not required to recite it. After confessing, while maintaining a bowed position, **continue**:

"May the words of my mouth and my heart's contemplation be favorable before You O ETERNAL, my Creator and Redeemer."

Take three steps back while remaining bent over, turn your head to the left and say: "Peace."

Turn your head to the right and say: "Peace."

Lift your head from bowing and say: "He shall make peace."

(It is sufficient to merely nod to the left, to the right, and then lift one's head. What is said while nodding is non-binding tradition.)

MUSAF

(YOM HA-KIPPURIM ADDITIONAL PRAYER)

Ps. 145

A Psalm of David.

I exalt You, my God the King, and I shall bless Your Name forever.

Every day I shall bless You, and I shall praise Your Name forever.

Great is the ETERNAL and most worthy of praise; and His Greatness is beyond investigation.

Generation after generation shall praise Your works, and Your exceedingly might they shall declare.

Of the magnificence of the glory of Your splendor, and of the matters of Your wonders I shall commune;

And of the strength of Your awe-filling deeds they shall speak, and Your Majesty I shall recount.

Commemoration of Your abundant goodness they gush forth, and Your righteousness they shall exultingly sing.

Gracious and Compassionate is the ETERNAL, slow to anger, great in undeserved kindness.

The ETERNAL is good to all, and His compassions are upon all His works.

They shall gratefully acknowledge You, O ETERNAL, all Your works; and Your devout ones shall bless You.

They glory of Your Dominion they shall tell, and of Your valor they shall speak;

To inform mankind of His acts of valor, and the glory of the splendor of His Dominion.

Your dominion is a dominion of all ages, and Your governance is in every single generation. The ETERNAL supports all the fallen, and straightens all the bent.

The eyes of all look to You with expectation, and You give them food in its time;

You open Your 'hand' and satiate all living with favor.

Righteous is the ETERNAL in all His ways; magnanimous in all His doings;

The ETERNAL is near to all who call upon Him; to all who call upon Him with sincerity.

The will of those who fear Him, He shall do; their cry He shall hear, and He shall save them. The ETERNAL guards all those who love Him; and the ungodly He shall destroy. The praise of the ETERNAL shall my mouth speak; and all flesh shall bless His Holy Name forever and evermore!

Musaf Standing Prayer

"Five things withhold one from properly fulfilling his duty to pray the Amida, even though the time for prayer arrived. If one prayed the Amida while violating one of these five, he is to pray the Amida again properly. These are they: purity of hands, covering of nakedness, purity of the location of prayer, absence of disturbances, and the intention of one's heart." (Laws of Prayer 4:1)

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again. These are they: praying in a standing position, facing the direction of the Temple, preparation of the body, preparation of one's clothing, suitability of the location, lowering one's voice, bending down, and prostration." (Laws of Prayer 5:1)

"Divine Lord, open my lips, and my mouth shall declare Your praise."

GOD OF HISTORY

(bow) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL our Venerable and Powerful Authority; God of our forefathers; God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. The Greatest, most Valiant, overwhelmingly Fearsome God! The Unsurpassable Power; Who benevolently bestows devoted loving-kindness; Possessor of all; Who remembers the kind devotion of the patriarchs, and brings a redeemer to their children's children. O King, Deliverer, and Protector - (bow) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL, shield of Abraham.

GOD OF MIGHT

You are eternally valiant O ETERNAL, abundantly able to save; You cause dew to descend, sustain the living with devoted kindness, revive the dead with abundant compassion, [You] heal the sick, release the bound, and maintain faithfulness to those asleep in the dust. Who is like You, O Almighty? Who is comparable to You, causing death and restoring life? You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who revives the dead.

HOLY GOD

You are Holy. Your Name is overwhelming fearsome. There is no God but You. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, the Holy King.

SANCTITY OF THE DAY

From among all peoples, You choose us. Of all languages, You favored us. You sanctified us with Your commandments and drew us nigh, O King; and You declared Your great and holy name over us. Grant us, O ETERNAL our God, this Day of Atonement for pardon and forgiveness, and that on it all our transgressions be atoned; a holy convocation, a remembrance of the exodus from Egypt.

We are exiled from our Land and distanced from our soil, due to our sins; and we are no longer able to do our obligation before You. May it be favorable before You, O ETERNAL our God, that You have mercy on us and upon Your Temple, with abundant mercies. Draw near those of us who are scattered among the nations, and those of us who are dispersed - gather from the ends of the earth. Bring us to Sion with joyous singing, and to Jerusalem Your City with an everlasting happiness. Then we shall do our sacrificial duty before You, the additional [sacrifices] of (this Sabbath Day and of) this Day of Remembrance, as You wrote for us in Your Torah through Moses Your servant

Our God, God of our forefathers, forgive our transgressions on this day. Erase our wickedness from before Your eyes and cause it to pass away, as it is stated: "I, I am He Who blots out your wickedness

for My sake, and your transgressions I shall remember no more." And it is written: "I have blotted out your wickedness as with a thick cloud; and your transgressions as with a cloud. Return to Me, for I redeem you." And it is written: "For by this day shall you be atoned, to purify you; be purified from all your transgressions in the presence of the ETERNAL."

Purify our heart to serve You in truth, for You are the ETERNAL, the true God. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, King over all the earth, Who sanctifies (*the Sabbath and*) Israel and the Day of Atonement.

THE SERVICE

Find favor, O ETERNAL our God, in Your people and their prayer, and restore service to the inner chamber of Your Temple. Accept favorably the fire-offerings of Israel, and their prayer. May Israel's service [of worship] always find favor; and may our eyes behold Your return to Zion with compassion. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who restores His 'Dwelling' to Zion.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

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PEACE

Place peace, goodness, and blessing upon us; grace, loving-kindness, and compassion. Bless us all from the light of Your countenance, for from the light of Your countenance You have given us, O ETERNAL our God, Torah and life, love and devoted kindness, righteousness and peace; and it is good in Your eyes to bless Your people Israel at every moment with peace. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who blesses His people Israel with peace. (bow down) Amen.

At this point one remains bowed down and proceeds to make penitent confession before God, along the lines of the following:

"I implore You O ETERNAL; I have transgressed, acted wrongly, and wickedly before You.

I have [elaborate on whatever sins were committed], and behold - I regret it and am embarrassed by my actions.

I hereby commit to never return to doing these things again." (Laws of Prayer 1:2)

The formalized traditional text of confession can be found on the last page. However, one is not required to recite it. After confessing, while maintaining a bowed position, **continue**:

"May the words of my mouth and my heart's contemplation be favorable before You O ETERNAL, my Creator and Redeemer."

Take three steps back while remaining bent over, turn your head to the left and say: "Peace."

Turn your head to the right and say: "Peace."

Lift your head from bowing and say: "He shall make peace."

(It is sufficient to merely nod to the left, to the right, and then lift one's head. What is said while nodding is non-binding tradition.)

MINHA

(YOM HA-KIPPURIM AFTERNOON PRAYER)

Ps. 145

A Psalm of David.

I exalt You, my God the King, and I shall bless Your Name forever.

Every day I shall bless You, and I shall praise Your Name forever.

Great is the ETERNAL and most worthy of praise; and His Greatness is beyond investigation.

Generation after generation shall praise Your works, and Your exceedingly might they shall declare.

Of the magnificence of the glory of Your splendor, and of the matters of Your wonders I shall commune;

And of the strength of Your awe-filling deeds they shall speak, and Your Majesty I shall recount.

Commemoration of Your abundant goodness they gush forth, and Your righteousness they shall exultingly sing.

Gracious and Compassionate is the ETERNAL, slow to anger, great in undeserved kindness.

The ETERNAL is good to all, and His compassions are upon all His works.

They shall gratefully acknowledge You, O ETERNAL, all Your works; and Your devout ones shall bless You.

They glory of Your Dominion they shall tell, and of Your valor they shall speak;

To inform mankind of His acts of valor, and the glory of the splendor of His Dominion.

Your dominion is a dominion of all ages, and Your governance is in every single generation. The

ETERNAL supports all the fallen, and straightens all the bent.

The eyes of all look to You with expectation, and You give them food in its time;

You open Your 'hand' and satiate all living with favor.

Righteous is the ETERNAL in all His ways; magnanimous in all His doings;

The ETERNAL is near to all who call upon Him; to all who call upon Him with sincerity.

The will of those who fear Him, He shall do; their cry He shall hear, and He shall save them. The

ETERNAL guards all those who love Him; and the ungodly He shall destroy. The praise of the ETERNAL

shall my mouth speak; and all flesh shall bless His Holy Name forever and evermore!

Afternoon Standing Prayer

"Five things withhold one from properly fulfilling his duty to pray the Amida, even though the time for prayer arrived. If one prayed the Amida while violating one of these five, he is to pray the Amida again properly. These

are they: purity of hands, covering of nakedness, purity of the location of prayer, absence of disturbances, and the intention of one's heart." (Laws of Prayer 4:1)

"There are eight matters that one praying the Amida should be careful to do. If he did not do these, either due to pressure or coercion, or if he simply transgressed and did not do one of them, he is not required to pray the Amida again. These are they: praying in a standing position, facing the direction of the Temple, preparation of the body, preparation of one's clothing, suitability of the location, lowering one's voice, bending down, and prostration." (Laws of Prayer 5:1)

"Divine Lord, open my lips, and my mouth shall declare Your praise."

GOD OF HISTORY

(bow down) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL our Venerable and Powerful Authority; God of our forefathers; God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. The Greatest, most Valiant, overwhelmingly Fearsome God! The Unsurpassable Power; Who benevolently bestows devoted loving-kindness; Possessor of all; Who remembers the kind devotion of the patriarchs, and brings a redeemer to their children's children. O King, Deliverer, and Protector - (bow down) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL, shield of Abraham.

GOD OF MIGHT

You are eternally valiant O ETERNAL, abundantly able to save; You cause dew to descend, sustain the living with devoted kindness, revive the dead with abundant compassion, [You] heal the sick, release the bound, and maintain faithfulness to those asleep in the dust. Who is like You, O Almighty? Who is comparable to You, causing death and restoring life? You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who revives the dead.

HOLY GOD

You are Holy. Your Name is overwhelming fearsome. There is no God but You. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, the Holy King.

SANCTITY OF THE DAY

From among all peoples, You choose us. Of all languages, You favored us. You sanctified us with Your commandments and drew us nigh, O King; and You declared Your great and holy name over us. Grant us, O ETERNAL our God, this Day of Atonement for pardon and forgiveness, and that on it all our transgressions be atoned; a holy convocation, a remembrance of the exodus from Egypt.

Our God, God of our forefathers, forgive our transgressions on this day. Erase our wickedness from before Your eyes and cause it to pass away, as it is stated: "I, I am He Who blots out your wickedness for My sake, and your transgressions I shall remember no more." And it is written: "I have blotted out your wickedness as with a thick cloud; and your transgressions as with a cloud. Return to Me, for I redeem you." And it is written: "For by this day shall you be atoned, to purify you; be purified from all your transgressions in the presence of the ETERNAL."

Purify our heart to serve You in truth, for You are the ETERNAL, the true God. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, King over all the earth, Who sanctifies (*the Sabbath and*) Israel and the Day of Atonement.

THE SERVICE

Find favor, O ETERNAL our God, in Your people and their prayer, and restore service to the inner chamber of Your Temple. Accept favorably the fire-offerings of Israel, and their prayer. May Israel's service [of worship] always find favor; and may our eyes behold Your return to Zion with compassion. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who restores His 'Dwelling' to Zion.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

(bow down) We are grateful to You that You are He, (arise) O ETERNAL our Venerable and Powerful Authority, for all eternity - for our lives committed into Your Hand, our souls that are entrusted to You, even and morning. For (or "over") everything, be worshiped and exalted, for You are One Alone, and there is no other beside You. (bow down) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL, most Benevolent is Your Name, and to You it is becoming to give thanks.

PEACE

Place peace, goodness, and blessing upon us; grace, loving-kindness, and compassion. Bless us all from the light of Your countenance, for from the light of Your countenance You have given us, O ETERNAL our God, Torah and life, love and devoted kindness, righteousness and peace; and it is good in Your eyes to bless Your people Israel at every moment with peace. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who blesses His people Israel with peace. (bow down) Amen.

At this point one remains bowed down and proceeds to make penitent confession before God, along the lines of the following: "I implore You O ETERNAL; I have transgressed, acted wrongly, and wickedly before You. I have [elaborate on whatever sins were committed], and behold - I regret it and am embarrassed by my actions. I hereby commit to never return to doing these things again." (Laws of Prayer 1:2)

The formalized traditional text of confession can be found on the last page. However, one is not required to recite it. After confessing, while maintaining a bowed position, **continue**:

"May the words of my mouth and my heart's contemplation be favorable before You O ETERNAL, my Creator and Redeemer."

Take three steps back while remaining bent over, turn your head to the left and say: "Peace."

Turn your head to the right and say: "Peace."

Lift your head from bowing and say: "He shall make peace."

(It is sufficient to merely nod to the left, to the right, and then lift one's head. What is said while nodding is non-binding tradition.)

NE'ILA

Standing Prayer of the "Locking"

(recited at sunset)

Five things withhold one from properly fulfilling his duty to pray the Amida, even though the time for prayer " arrived. If one prayed the Amida while violating one of these five, he is to pray the Amida again properly. These are they: purity of hands, covering of nakedness, purity of the location of prayer, absence of disturbances, and the (intention of one's heart." (Laws of Prayer 4:1

There are eight matters that one praying the Amida should be careful to do. If he did not do these, either due to "
pressure or coercion, or if he simply transgressed and did not do one of them, he is not required to pray the Amida
again. These are they: praying in a standing position, facing the direction of the Temple, preparation of the
body, preparation of one's clothing, suitability of the location, lowering one's voice, bending down, and
(prostration." (Laws of Prayer 5:1

Sit for a moment; clear your thoughts, then stand and pray:

"Divine Lord, open my lips, and my mouth shall declare Your praise."

GOD OF HISTORY

(bow down) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL our Venerable and Powerful Authority; God of our forefathers; God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. The Greatest, most Valiant, overwhelmingly Fearsome God! The Unsurpassable Power; Who benevolently bestows devoted loving-kindness; Possessor of all; Who remembers the kind devotion of the patriarchs, and brings a redeemer to their children's children. O King, Deliverer, and Protector - (bow down) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL, shield of Abraham.

GOD OF MIGHT

You are eternally valiant O ETERNAL, abundantly able to save; You cause dew to descend, sustain the living with devoted kindness, revive the dead with abundant compassion, [You] heal the sick, release the bound, and maintain faithfulness to those asleep in the dust. Who is like You, O Almighty? Who is comparable to You, causing death and restoring life? You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who revives the dead.

HOLY GOD

You are Holy. Your Name is overwhelming fearsome. There is no God but You. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, the Holy King.

SANCTITY OF THE DAY

From among all peoples, You choose us. Of all languages, You favored us. You sanctified us with Your commandments and drew us nigh, O King; and You declared Your great and holy name over us. Grant us, O ETERNAL our God, this Day of Atonement for pardon and forgiveness, and that on it all our transgressions be atoned; a holy convocation, a remembrance of the exodus from Egypt.

Our God, God of our forefathers, forgive our transgressions on this day. Erase our wickedness from before Your eyes and cause it to pass away, as it is stated: "I, I am He Who blots out your wickedness for My sake, and your transgressions I shall remember no more." And it is written: "I have blotted out your wickedness as with a thick cloud; and your transgressions as with a cloud. Return to Me, for I redeem you." And it is written: "For by this day shall you be atoned, to purify you; be purified from all your transgressions in the presence of the ETERNAL."

Purify our heart to serve You in truth, for You are the ETERNAL, the true God. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, King over all the earth, Who sanctifies (*the Sabbath and*) Israel and the Day of Atonement.

THE SERVICE

Find favor, O ETERNAL our God, in Your people and their prayer, and restore service to the inner chamber of Your Temple. Accept favorably the fire-offerings of Israel, and their prayer. May Israel's service [of worship] always find favor; and may our eyes behold Your return to Zion with compassion. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who restores His 'Dwelling' to Zion.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

(bow down) We are grateful to You that You are He, (arise) O ETERNAL our Venerable and Powerful Authority, for all eternity - for our lives committed into Your Hand, our souls that are entrusted to You, even and morning. For (or "over") everything, be worshiped and exalted, for You are One Alone, and there is no other beside You. (bow down) You are worthy of worship (arise) O ETERNAL, most Benevolent is Your Name, and to You it is becoming to give thanks.

PEACE

Place peace, goodness, and blessing upon us; grace, loving-kindness, and compassion. Bless us all from the light of Your countenance, for from the light of Your countenance You have given us, O ETERNAL our God, Torah and life, love and devoted kindness, righteousness and peace; and it is good in Your eyes to bless Your people Israel at every moment with peace. You are worthy of worship O ETERNAL, Who blesses His people Israel with peace. (bow down) Amen.

At this point one remains bowed down and proceeds to make penitent confession before God, along the lines of the following: "I implore You O ETERNAL; I have transgressed, acted wrongly, and wickedly before You. I have [elaborate on whatever sins were committed], and behold - I regret it and am embarrassed by my actions. I hereby commit to never return to doing these things again." (Laws of Prayer 1:2)

The formalized traditional text of confession can be found on the last page. However, one is not required to recite it. After confessing, while maintaining a bowed position, **continue**:

"May the words of my mouth and my heart's contemplation be favorable before You O ETERNAL, my Creator and Redeemer."

Take three steps back while remaining bent over, turn your head to the left and say: "Peace."

Turn your head to the right and say: "Peace."

Lift your head from bowing and say: "He shall make peace."

(It is sufficient to merely nod to the left, to the right, and then lift one's head. What is said while nodding is non-binding tradition.)

CONFESSION

The Traditional Confession / Widuy

As explained at the end of each Standing Prayer, one is not required to recite this exact formulation of confession. Nonetheless, it has been the custom of Israel since ancient times to confess in the following format:

I implore! May our prayer come before You; and ignore not our supplication. O ETERNAL our God, God of our forefathers, we are not so audacious and stiff-necked so as to say before You that we are righteous and have not sinned; rather - we have sinned.

We've become guilty, betrayed, robbed, spoken slander, caused perversion and wickedness, intentionally sinned, acted lawlessly, falsely accused, given destructive advice, deceived, belittled, rebelled, provoked, turned away, acted perversely and criminally, persecuted, become stiff-necked, acted wicked, corrupt, and detestable manner, gone astray, and You let us do so.

We've turned away from Your goodly judgments and commandments, but it was not worth it. Your righteousness is unaffected by what has come upon us, for You have fairly, while we became wicked.

What can we say before You, O He Who is ever exalted? What shall we tell You, O He Whose abode is the most lofty of positions? Do you not know all that is hidden and revealed? You know the hidden things of the world and the concealed secrets of every living being. You search out the inner [emotional] parts of the gut, and perceive the kidneys and the heart. Nothing is concealed from You. Nothing is hidden from Your eyes.

May it be favorable before You O ETERNAL our God, God of our forefathers, that You forgive us for our sins, atone our iniquities, and pardon our criminal acts:

For sin that we sinned before You whether intentionally or by mistake.

For sin that we sinned before You whether openly or secretly.

For sin that we sinned before You whether by coercion or by free will.

For sins that make us liable for a gorban-sacrifice.

For sins that make us liable for kareth-excision.

For sins that make us liable for any of the four capital punishments, whether by strangulation, decapitation, burning, or stoning.

For those [sins] that are apparent to us, and for those that are not apparent.

We have already stated those that are apparent to us, and You know those who are not known to us, as it is written:

"The hidden things are for the ETERNAL our God, and the revealed things are for us and our children - forever - to do all the matters of this Torah." (Deut. 29:28)

For You are the Pardoner of Israel, the Forgiver of the tribes of Yeshurun. We have no King who forgives and pardons, but You.

My God, I was unworthy before I was formed, and now that I am formed, it is no different. I am dust while alive; all the more so when I'll be dead. Indeed, before You I am as a vessel full of shame and disgrace.

May it be favorable before You, that I sin no more; and that which I have already sinned - blot out with Your abundant mercy, and not by means of hardship.

May the utterances of my mouth and the deliberation of my heart be favorable before You, O ETERNAL, my Creator and Redeemer.

May you be written and sealed in the book of life and in the book of remembrance. Shana tova!

ENGLISH

TRANSLITERATED

Yom Kippur Standing Prayers

TRANSLITERATED

(Transliteration key found at the end.)

"Five things withhold one from properly fulfilling his duty to pray the Amida, even though the time for prayer arrived. If one prayed the Amida while violating one of these five, he is to pray the Amida again properly [unless it was a voluntary prayer]. These are they: purity of hands, covering of nakedness, purity of the location of prayer, absence of disturbances, and the intention of one's heart." (Laws of Prayer 4:1)

"There are eight matters that one praying the Amida should be careful to do. If he did not do these, either due to pressure or coercion, or if he simply transgressed and did not do one of them, he is not required to pray the Amida again. These are they: praying in a standing position, facing the direction of the Temple, preparation of the body, preparation of one's clothing, suitability of the location, lowering one's voice, bending down, and prostration." (Laws of Prayer 5:1)

Evening, Morning, Afternoon, and Sunset Standing Prayers all take the following wording:

Adonoi, sefotai tiftaH, ufee yageed tihilateka.

(bow down) Baruk ata (arise) Adonoi, elohenu weloheh avotenu; eloheh avraham, eloheh yis'Haq, weloheh ya:aqov; ha-el, ha-gadol, w-ha-nora, el :elyon; gomel Hasadeem toveem w-qoneh ha-kol; zoker Hasdeh avot u-mevee go'el livneh vnehem; melek, moshia: u-magen. (bow down) Baruk ata (arise)

Adonoi, magen avraham.

ata gibor lo-:olam Adonoi, rav lo-hoshia:, moreed ha-tal; mekalkel Haiyim beh-Hesed, ma-Haiyeh meteem beh-raHameem rabeem; rofeh Holeem, u-mateer asureem, umqaiyim emunato leesheneh :afar. mee kamoka baa:al gevurot, u-mee domeh lak, memeet umHaiyeh. Baruk ata Adonoi, mHaiyeh ha-meteem.

qa<u>d</u>osh ata w-norah shema<u>k</u> weh-ehn eloa**h** mibal:a<u>d</u>a<u>k</u>. Baru<u>k</u> ata A<u>d</u>onoi, ha-mele<u>k</u> ha-**q**a<u>d</u>osh.

ata va<u>H</u>artanu mikol ha-:ameem, ra**s**ee<u>t</u>a banu mikol ha-leshono<u>t</u>, **q**idashtanu b-mi**s**wo<u>t</u>e<u>k</u>a, w-**q**eravtanu malkenu la-:avo<u>d</u>a<u>t</u>e<u>k</u>a. shim<u>k</u>a ha-ga<u>d</u>ol w-ha-**q**a<u>d</u>osh :alenu **q**ara<u>t</u>a. wa-titen lanu A<u>d</u>onoi elohenu e<u>t</u> yom ha-kipureem ha-zeh lislee<u>H</u>a ulim<u>H</u>eela ul<u>k</u>aper bo :al kol :awono<u>t</u>enu; mi**q**ra **q**o<u>d</u>esh, ze<u>k</u>er lee**s**ee'a<u>t</u> mi**s**raiyim.

elohenu weloheh avo<u>t</u>enu, mo<u>H</u>ol la-:awono<u>t</u>enu b-yom ha-zeh. me<u>H</u>eh w-ha:aver pesha:enu mine<u>ged</u> :ene<u>k</u>a, ka'amur: "ano<u>k</u>ee, ano<u>k</u>ee hu mo<u>H</u>eh pesha:e<u>k</u>a l-ma:anee. wa-<u>H</u>ato<u>t</u>e<u>k</u>a lo ezkor." w-<u>k</u>a<u>t</u>uv: "kee va-yom ha-zeh ye<u>k</u>aper :ale<u>k</u>em le-**t**aher e<u>tk</u>em, mi-kol <u>H</u>a**t**o<u>t</u>e<u>k</u>em lifneh ".Adonoi ti**t**'haru

taher libenu la-:avdeka beh'emet, kee ata Adonoi eloheem emet. Baruk ata Adonoi, melek :al kol ha-ares, meh'qadesh

(ha-shabat w-) yisra'el w-yom ha-kipureem.

reseh Adonoi elohenu ba-:ameka utfilatam, wa-hashev :avoda lidveer beteka, wi'isheh yisra'el teqabel b-rason, ut'hee l-rason :avodat yisra'el. w-teHezena :enenu b-shuvka l-siyon b-raHameem. Baruk ata Adonoi, ha-maHzeer shekeenato l-siyon.

(bow down) modeem anaHnu lak, sheh-ata hu (arise) Adonoi elohenu lo-:olam weh-:ed, :al Haiyenu ha-mesureem b-yadak, :al nishmotenu ha-pequdot lak, :al niseka w-raHameka sheh-b-kol :et, :erev wa-boqer; w-:al kulam titbarak w-titromam kee yiHeed ata weh-en zulatak. (bow down) Baruk ata (arise) Adonoi, ha-tov shimka uleka na'eh lo-hodot.

seem shalom, tova, uvraka, Hen weh-Hesed w-raHameem. uvorekenu kulanu bim'or paneka, kee mimo'or paneka natata lanu Adonoi elohenu, tora wa-Haiyim, ahava weh-Hesed, sedaqa w-shalom, w-tov beh-:eneka l-vorek et :ameka yisra'el b-kol :et ba-shalom. Baruk ata Adonoi, ha-mevorek et :amo yisra'el ba-shalom. (bow down)

Amen.

At this point one remains bowed down and proceeds to make penitent confession before God, along the lines of the following: "I implore You O ETERNAL; I have transgressed, acted wrongly, and wickedly before You. I have [elaborate on whatever sins were committed], and behold - I regret it and am embarrassed by my actions. I hereby commit to never return to doing these things again." (Laws of Prayer 1:2)

The formalized traditional text of confession can be found on the last page. However, one is not required to recite it. After confessing, while maintaining a bowed position, **continue**:

yihyu l-rason imreh fee weh-hegyon libee lefaneka, Adonoi suree w-go'alee.

Take three steps back while remaining bent over, turn your head to the left and say: "shalom."

Turn your head to the right and say: "shalom."

Lift your head from bowing and say: "ya:aseh shalom."

(It is sufficient to merely nod to the left, to the right, and then lift one's head. What is said while nodding is non-binding tradition.)

MUSAF

(YOM HA-KIPPURIM ADDITIONAL PRAYER)

"Five things withhold one from properly fulfilling his duty to pray the Amida, even though the time for prayer arrived. If one prayed the Amida while violating one of these five, he is to pray the Amida again properly. These are they: purity of hands, covering of nakedness, purity of the location of prayer, absence of disturbances, and the intention of one's heart." (Laws of Prayer 4:1)

"There are eight matters that one praying the Amida should be careful to do. If he did not do these, either due to pressure or coercion, or if he simply transgressed and did not do one of them, he is not required to pray the Amida again. These are they: praying in a standing position, facing the direction of the Temple, preparation of the body, preparation of one's clothing, suitability of the location, lowering one's voice, bending down, and prostration." (Laws of Prayer 5:1)

Adonoi, sefotai tiftaH, ufee yageed tihilateka.

(bow down) Baruk ata (arise) Adonoi, elohenu weloheh avotenu; eloheh avraham, eloheh yis'Haq, weloheh ya:aqov; ha-el, ha-gadol, w-ha-nora, el :elyon; gomel Hasadeem toveem w-qoneh ha-kol; zoker Hasdeh avot u-mevee go'el livneh

vnehem; mele<u>k</u>, moshia: u-magen. (bow down) Baru<u>k</u> ata (arise) Adonoi, magen avraham.

ata gibor lo-:olam Adonoi, rav lo-hoshia:, moreed ha-tal; mekalkel Haiyim beh-Hesed, ma-Haiyeh meteem beh-raHameem rabeem; rofeh Holeem, u-mateer asureem, umqaiyim emunato leesheneh :afar. mee kamoka baa:al gevurot, u-mee domeh lak, memeet umHaiyeh. Baruk ata Adonoi, mHaiyeh ha-meteem.

qa<u>d</u>osh ata w-norah shema<u>k</u> weh-ehn eloa**h** mibal:a<u>d</u>a<u>k</u>. Baru<u>k</u> ata A<u>d</u>onoi, ha-mele<u>k</u> ha-**q**a<u>d</u>osh.

ata va<u>H</u>artanu mikol ha-:ameem, ra**s**ee<u>t</u>a banu mikol ha-leshono<u>t</u>, **q**idashtanu b-mi**s**wo<u>t</u>e<u>k</u>a, w-**q**eravtanu malkenu la-:avo<u>d</u>a<u>t</u>e<u>k</u>a. shim<u>k</u>a ha-ga<u>d</u>ol w-ha-**q**a<u>d</u>osh :alenu **q**ara<u>t</u>a. wa-titen lanu A<u>d</u>onoi elohenu e<u>t</u> yom ha-kipureem ha-zeh lislee<u>H</u>a ulim<u>H</u>eela ul<u>k</u>aper bo :al kol :awono<u>t</u>enu; mi**q**ra **q**o<u>d</u>esh, ze<u>k</u>er lee**s**ee'a<u>t</u> mi**s**raiyim.

mipeneh Hata'enu galeenu meh-arsenu wah-nitraHaq meh-:al admatenu, w-en anu yekoleem lah-:asot Hovotenu lefaneka. yehee rason milefaneka Adonoi elohenu, sh-teraHem :alenu w-:al miqdashak b-raHameka ha-rabeem. qarev pezurenu mi-ben ha-goyeem unfosenu kanes mi-yarketeh ares. wah-havee'enu leh-siyon b-rina w-leerooshalaiyeem :eerak b-simHat :olam, w-na:aseh lefaneka qorban Hovatenu, et musfeh (yom ha-shabat ha-zeh w-et) yom som ha-kipureem ha-zeh, kemo

sheh-katavta :alenu b-toratak :al yedeh mosheh :avdak.

elohenu weloheh avo<u>t</u>enu, mo<u>H</u>ol la-:awono<u>t</u>enu b-yom ha-zeh. me<u>H</u>eh w-ha:aver pesha:enu mine<u>ged</u> :ene<u>k</u>a, ka'amur: "ano<u>k</u>ee, ano<u>k</u>ee hu mo<u>H</u>eh pesha:e<u>k</u>a l-ma:anee. wa-<u>H</u>ato<u>t</u>e<u>k</u>a lo ezkor." w-<u>k</u>a<u>t</u>uv: "kee va-yom ha-zeh ye<u>k</u>aper :ale<u>k</u>em le-**t**aher e<u>tk</u>em, mi-kol <u>H</u>a**t**o<u>t</u>e<u>k</u>em lifneh "Adonoi ti**t**'haru.

taher libenu la-:avde<u>k</u>a beh'eme<u>t</u>, kee ata A<u>d</u>onoi eloheem eme<u>t</u>. Baru<u>k</u> ata A<u>d</u>onoi, mele<u>k</u> :al kol ha-are**s**, meh'**q**adesh (ha-shaba<u>t</u> w-) yisra'el w-yom ha-kipureem.

reseh Adonoi elohenu ba-:ameka utfilatam, wa-hashev :avoda lidveer beteka, wi'isheh yisra'el teqabel b-rason, ut'hee l-rason :avodat yisra'el. w-teHezena :enenu b-shuvka l-siyon b-raHameem. Baruk ata Adonoi, ha-maHzeer shekeenato l-siyon.

(bow down) modeem anaHnu lak, sheh-ata hu (arise) Adonoi elohenu lo-:olam weh-:ed, :al Haiyenu ha-mesureem b-yadak, :al nishmotenu ha-pequdot lak, :al niseka w-raHameka sheh-b-kol :et, :erev wa-boqer; w-:al kulam titbarak w-titromam kee yiHeed ata weh-en zulatak. (bow down) Baruk ata (arise) Adonoi, ha-tov shimka uleka na'eh lo-hodot.

seem shalom, **t**ova, uvra<u>k</u>a, <u>H</u>en weh-<u>H</u>ese<u>d</u> w-ra<u>H</u>ameem. uvore<u>k</u>enu kulanu bim'or pane<u>k</u>a, kee mimo'or pane<u>k</u>a na<u>t</u>ata lanu A<u>d</u>onoi elohenu, tora wa-<u>H</u>aiyim, ahava weh-<u>H</u>esed, se<u>d</u>a**q**a w-shalom, w-**t**ov beh-:ene<u>k</u>a l-vore<u>k</u> e<u>t</u> :ame<u>k</u>a yisra'el b-<u>k</u>ol :e<u>t</u> ba-shalom. Baru<u>k</u> ata A<u>d</u>onoi, ha-mevore<u>k</u> e<u>t</u> :amo yisra'el ba-shalom. (bow down) Amen.

At this point one remains bowed down and proceeds to make penitent confession before God, along the lines of the following: "I implore You O ETERNAL; I have transgressed, acted wrongly, and wickedly before You. I have [elaborate on whatever sins were committed], and behold - I regret it and am embarrassed by my actions. I hereby commit to never return to doing these things again." (Laws of Prayer 1:2)

The formalized traditional text of confession can be found on the last page. However, one is not required to recite it. After confessing, while maintaining a bowed position, **continue**:

yihyu l-rason imreh fee weh-hegyon libee lefaneka, Adonoi suree w-go'alee.

Take three steps back while remaining bent over, turn your head to the left and say: "shalom."

Turn your head to the right and say: "shalom."

Lift your head from bowing and say: "ya:aseh shalom."

(It is sufficient to merely nod to the left, to the right, and then lift one's head. What is said while nodding is non-binding tradition.)

Widuy

The Traditional Confession

(...recited immediately upon completing the Standing Prayer while still bowed down, before taking 3 steps back.)

ana, tavo lefaneka tefilatenu w-al tit:alam mitiHinatenu,

sheh-en ana<u>H</u>nu :azeh faneem u**q**sheh :oref lomar lefane<u>k</u>a A<u>d</u>onoi elohenu weloheh avo<u>t</u>enu, '**s**adee**q**eem ana<u>H</u>nu w-lo <u>H</u>a**t**anu.' aval <u>H</u>a**t**anu.

ashamnu. bagadnu. gazalnu. dibarnu dofee. heh:ehweenu. w-hirsha:nu. zadnu. Hamasnu. tafalnu sheqair. ya:asnu ra:. kizavnu. lasnu. maradnu. ni'asnu. sararnu. :aweenu. pasha:nu. sararnu. qisheenu :oref. rasha:nu. shiHatnu. ti:avnu. ta:inu. w-ti:ata:nu.

sarnu mimi**s**wo<u>t</u>e<u>k</u>a umimishpa**t**e<u>k</u>a ha-**t**oveem w-lo shawa lanu. w-ata **s**adee**q** :al kol haba :alenu, kee eme<u>t</u> :asee<u>t</u>a, wah-ana<u>H</u>nu hirsha:nu.

mah nomar lefane<u>k</u>a yoshev marom? umah nesapair lefane<u>k</u>a sho<u>k</u>en she<u>H</u>aqeem? ha-lo <u>k</u>ol hanistaro<u>t</u> w-ha-ni<u>g</u>lo<u>t</u> ata yodea:? ata yodea: razeh :olam w-<u>t</u>a:alumo<u>t</u> si<u>t</u>reh <u>k</u>ol <u>H</u>ai. ata <u>H</u>ofesh kol <u>H</u>adreh ve**t**en, ro'eh <u>k</u>eloyo<u>t</u> wa-lev. en davar ne:lam mima<u>k</u>, w-en nistar mineged :ene<u>k</u>a.

yihee ra**s**on milefane<u>k</u>a A<u>d</u>onoi elohenu weloheh avo<u>t</u>enu' sheh-tim<u>H</u>ol lanu :al kol <u>H</u>a**t**o<u>t</u>enu u<u>tk</u>apair lanu :al kol :awono<u>t</u>enu, w-<u>t</u>isla<u>H</u> l-<u>k</u>ol pesha:enu.

:al Het' sheh-<u>H</u>atanu lefane<u>k</u>a b-za<u>d</u>on uvishgaga.

:al Het' sheh-<u>H</u>atanu lefane<u>k</u>a b-giluy uvase<u>t</u>air.

:al Het' sheh-<u>H</u>atanu lefane<u>k</u>a b-ones uv-ra**s**on.

:al Hata'eem sheh-anu Haiyaveem :alehem qorban.

:al <u>H</u>ata'eem sheh-anu <u>H</u>aiyaveem :alehem kare<u>t</u>.

:al <u>H</u>ata'eem sheh-anu <u>H</u>aiyaveem :alehem arba: mi<u>t</u>o<u>t</u> be<u>t</u> deen -- <u>H</u>ane**q**, hereg, serefa, oos**q**eela. :al ha-geluyeem lanu w-:al sheh-enan geluyeem lanu. ha-geluyeem lanu kevar amarnum lefane<u>k</u>a, w-sheh-enan geluyeem lanu, lefane<u>k</u>a hem ye<u>d</u>u:eem, kah-ka<u>t</u>uv --

"ha-nistaro<u>t</u> la<u>d</u>onai elohenu, w-ha-ni<u>g</u>lo<u>t</u> lanu ul-vanenu :a<u>d</u> :olam lah-:aso<u>t</u> e<u>t</u> kol divreh ha-tora ha-zo<u>t</u>."

kee ata sal<u>H</u>an l-yisra'el uma<u>H</u>lan l-shiv**t**eh yeshurun, umibal:a<u>d</u>e<u>k</u>a en lanu mele<u>k</u> mo<u>H</u>el w-solea<u>H</u>.

elohai, :a<u>d</u> sheh-lo no**s**artee enee <u>ked</u>ai, w-:a<u>k</u>shaw sheh-no**s**artee k-eelu lo no**s**artee. :afar anee v-<u>H</u>aiyai, **q**al wa-<u>H</u>omair b-mee<u>t</u>a<u>t</u>ee. harenee lefane<u>k</u>a ki<u>k</u>lee maleh boosha u<u>k</u>lima.

yihee ra**s**on milefane<u>k</u>a, sheh-lo e<u>H</u>e**t**a, umah sheh-<u>H</u>a**t**a<u>t</u>ee mero**q** b-ra<u>H</u>ame<u>k</u>a ha-rabeem, aval lo :al ye<u>d</u>eh yeesureem.

yihyu l-rason imreh fee w-hegyon libee lefaneka, Adonoi suree w-go'alee.

May you be written and sealed in the book of life and in the book of

remembrance. Shana tova!

Transliteration key:

g = λ ...a "gh" sound similar to a French "r."

 $\underline{d} = \tau$...a "th" sound like in the word "they."

 $\underline{\mathbf{k}} = \mathbf{j}$...a "kh" sound similar to proper pronunciation of the German name "Bach."

 $\underline{t} = \pi$..."th" as in the word "three."

t = υ ...a pharyngealized "t" sound.

s = **y** ...a pharyngealized "s" sound.

 $\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{q}$...a "k" sound which is made further back in the throat.

: = y ...a voiced pharyngeal fricative, a squeezing of the throat muscles while producing a vowel sound.

 $\underline{H} = \mathbf{n}$...a voiceless pharyngeal fricative, a squeezing of the throat muscles while making an "h" sound.

HEBREW

YOM HA-KIPPURIM PRAYERS

(For individuals)

Both the nighttime and the morning Shema is recited the same as throughout regular days of the year. There are no changes, neither in the Biblical quotations of the Shema nor in the blessings associated with the recitation of Shema. Immediately upon concluding the Shema and its associated blessings, one stands and proceeds with the Amida ("The Standing Prayer"). There are five Amidas on Yom ha-Kippurim. The Standing Prayer recited at night, the one recited in the afternoon, and the one recited at sunset, are all exactly the same wording as the Standing Prayer that is recited in the morning.

One should recite the Yom ha-Kippurim Additional Prayer ("Musaf") after reciting the Morning Standing Prayer, but before the time for the Afternoon Standing Prayer arrives. If the time for the Afternoon Standing Prayer already arrived, one first recites the Afternoon Standing Prayer and only afterward prays the Yom ha-Kippurim Additional Prayer.

ARVITH

Nighttime Shema

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה אֶלֹ הֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם, אֲשֶׁר בִּדְבָרוֹ מַעֲרִיב עֲרָבִים, גּוֹלֵל אוֹר מִפְּנֵי ח´שֶׁךְ וְח´שֶׁךְ מִפְּנֵי אוֹר. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, הַמַּעֲרִיב עֲרָבִים.

אַהֲבַת עוֹלָם עַמְּךֵ יִשְׂרָאֵל אָהַבְתָּ, וְאַהֲבָתְךֵ לֹא תָסוּר מִמֶּנּוּ לְעוֹלָמִים. בַּרוּךָ אַתַּה יהוה, אוֹהֵב עַמּוֹ יִשְׂרַאַל.

'ehad' of daleth Pronunciation of the" ".the" in the word "th" is pronounced like the daleth An undotted s singular dominion'HaShem should be elongated long enough to renew acceptance of

שְׁמַע יִשְׂרָאֵל יהוה אֱל ֹהֵינוּ יהוה אֶחָד:

בָּרוּךְ שֵׁם כְּבוֹד מַלְכוּתוֹ, לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד whisper בָּרוּךְ שֵׁם כְּבוֹד

וְאָהַבְּתָּ אֵת יהוּה אֱלֹ הֶיךָ. בְּכָל לְבָבְךְ וּבְכָל נַפְּשְׁרֵ וּבְכָל מְאֹ דֶרֲ: וְהָיוּ הַדְּבָרִים הָאֵלֶּה אֲשֶׁר אָנֹ כִי מְצַוְּרֶ הַיּוֹם, עַל לְבָבֶרֵ: וְשִׁנַּנְתָּם לְבָנֶירֵ וְדִבַּרְתָּ בָּם, בְּשִׁרְתָּם בְּבֵיתֶרֵ וּבְלֶּרְתְּרֵ בַדֶּרֶךְ, וּבְשָׁרְבְּרֵ וּבְקוּמֶרֵ: וּקְשַׁרְתָּם לְאוֹת עַל יָדֶרָ, וְהָיוּ לְטֹ טָפוֹת בֵּין עֵינֶירֵ: וּכְתַבְתָּם עַל מְזָזוֹת בֵּיתֶרָ וּבִשְּעָרֶירֵ:

ּוְהָיָה אִם שָׁמֹּעַ תִּשְׁמְעוּ אֶל מִצְוֹתֵי אֲשֶׁר אָנֹ כִּי מְצַוֶּה אֶתְכֶם הַיּוֹם, לְאַהֲבָה אֶת יהוה אֱלֹ הֵיכֶם וּלְעַבְדוֹ, בְּכָל לְבַבְּכֶם הַּיּוֹם, לְאַהֲבָה אֶת יהוה אֱלֹ הֵיכֶם וּלְעַבְדוֹ, בְּכָל לְבַבְּכֶם וּבְּכָל נַפְשְׁכֶם: וְנָתַתִּי מְטֵר אַרְצְכֶם בְּעִתּוֹ יוֹכֶה וּמֵלְקוֹשׁ, וְאָסַפְתָּ דְגָנֶךְ וְתִיר שְׁרְ וְיִצְהָרֶךְ: וְנָתַתִּי עֵשֶׂב בְּשָׂדְךָ לִבְהָמְתָּר. וְאָכַלְתָּ וְשָׂבַעְתָּ: הִשְּׁמְרוּ לָכֶם פֶּן יִּפְתָּה לְבַבְכֶם, וְסַרְתָּם וַעֲבַדְתָּם אֱלֹ הִים אֲחֵרִים יִפְתָּה לְבַבְכֶם וְעָצֵר אֶת וְהִשְׁמִים וְלֹ׳א יִהְיֶה מָטָר וְהָאֲדָמָה לֹ׳א תִתֵּן אֶת

יְבוּלָהּ, וַאֲבַדְתֶּם מְהֵרָה מֵעַל הָאָרֶץ הַטֹּבָה אֲשֶׁר
יהוה נֹתֵן לָכֶם: וְשַׂמְתֶּם אֶת דְּבָרֵי אֵלֶה עַל לְבַבְּכֶם
וְעַל נַפְשְׁכֶם, וּקְשַׁרְתֶּם אֹ תָם לְאוֹת עַל יֶדְכֶם, וְהִיוּ
לְטוֹטָפּ ֹת בֵּין עֵינֵיכֶם: וְלִמַּדְתֶּם אֹ תָם אֶת בְּנֵיכֶם
לְדַבֵּר בָּם, בְּשִׁבְתְּךָ בְּבֵיתֶךָ וּבְלֶכְתְּךָ בַדֶּרֶךְ וּבְשָׁכְבְּךְ
וּבְשָׁכְיִךֵ: לְמַעַן
וּבְקוּמֶךֵ: וּכְשַׁבְתָּב עַל מְזוּזוֹת בֵּיתֶךָ וּבִשְׁעָרֶיךֵ: לְמַעַן
יִרְבּוּ יְמֵיכֶם וִימֵי בְנֵיכֶם עַל הָאֲדָמָה אֲשֶׁר נִשְׁבַּע יהוה
לַאֲב ֹתֵיכֶם לָתֵת לָהֶם, כִּימֵי הַשָּׁמַיִם עַל הָאָרֶץ:

וַיּ אַמֶּר יהוה אֶל מֹ שֶׁה לֵּאמֹ רֵ: דַּבֵּר אֶל בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל וְאָמַרְתָּ אֲלֵהֶם וְעָשׂוּ לָהֶם צִיצִת עַל כַּנְפֵי בִגְּדֵיהֶם לְדֹרֹ תֹם, וְנָתְנוּ עַל צִיצִת הַכָּנָף פְּתִיל תְּכֵלֶת: וְהָיָה לְכֶם לְצִיצִת וּרְאִיתֶם אֹ תוֹ, וּזְכַרְתֶּם אֶת כָּל מִצְוֹת יהוה וַעֲשִׂיתֶם אֹ תָם, וְלֹ א תָתוּרוּ אַחֲרֵי לְבַבְּכֶם וְאַחָרֵי עֵינֵיכֶם אֲשֶׁר אַתֶּם זֹ נִים אַחֲרֵיהֶם: לְמַעַן וְאַחְרֵי עֵינֵיכֶם אֲשֶׁר אַתֶּם זֹ נִים אַחֲרֵיהֶם קְדֹ שִׁים תְּזְּכִּרוּ וַעֲשִּׂיתֶם אֶת כָּל מִצְוֹתָי, וִהְיִיתֶם קְדֹ שִׁים לֵּאל הֵיכֶם אֲשֶׁר הוֹצֵאתִי אֶתְכֶם לֵאל הִים, אֲנִי יהוה אֱל הֵיכֵם אֲשֶׁר הוֹצֵאתִי אֶתְכֶם מֵאֶל הֵים, אֲנִי יהוה אֱל הֵיכֵם לֵאל הִים, אֲנִי יהוה אֱל הֵיכָם לֵאל הִים, אֲנִי יהוה אֱל הִיכָם לֵאל הִים, אֲנִי יהוה

אֶמֶת אֱמוּנָה קִייָּמְתָּ. רָאוּ אֶת גְּבוּרָתָךְ עַל הַיָּם; בְּשִּׁמְחָה רַבָּה אָמְרוּ כֶּלָּם: מִי כָמֹ כָה בָּאֵלִים יהוה; מִי כָּמֹ כָה נֶאְדָּר בַּקּ ֹדֶשׁ; נוֹרָא תְהִלּוֹת, עֹשֵׂה פֶּלֶא. הוֹדוּ וְהִמְּלִכוּ וְאָמְרוּ: יהוה יִמְלֹֹךְ לְעֹֹלָם וָעֶד. וְנֶאֶמָר: גּוֹאֲלֵנוּ יהוה צְבָאוֹת שְׁמוֹ, קְדוֹשׁ יִשְׂרָאֵל. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, גָּאַל יִשְׂרָאֵל.

הַשְּׁכִּיבֵנוּ יהוה אֱל הֵינוּ לְשָׁלוֹם, וְהַעֲמִידֵנוּ לְחַיִּים, וּפְרוֹס עָלֵינוּ סֻכַּת שְׁלוֹמֶךֶ. יִרְאוּ עֵינֵינוּ וְיִשְׁמַח לִבֵּנוּ וְתָגֵל נַפְשֵׁנוּ בִּישׁוּעָתֶךֶ בֶּאֶמ ֹר לְצִיּוֹן: מָלַךְ אֱל ֹהָיִךְ! כִּי הַמַּלְכוּת שֶׁלָּךְ הִיא וּלְעוֹלְמֵי עַד תִּמְל ֹךְ בְּכָבוֹד. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, הַמּ ֹלֵךְ בִּכְבוֹדוֹ, חַי וְקַיָּם תָּמִיד יִמְל ֹךְ לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד.

Nighttime Standing Prayer

(voluntary)

"Five things withhold one from properly fulfilling his duty to pray the Amida, even though the time for prayer arrived. [...] These are they: purity of hands, covering of nakedness, purity of the location of prayer, absence (of disturbances, and the intention of one's heart." (Laws of Prayer 4:1

"There are eight matters that one praying the Amida should be careful to do. If he did not do these, either due to pressure or coercion, or if he simply transgressed and did not do one of them, he is not required to pray the Amida again. These are they: praying in a standing position, facing the direction of the Temple, preparation of the body, preparation of one's clothing, suitability of the location, lowering one's voice, bending down, and prostration." (Laws of Prayer 5:1)

אַדֹנָי, שְׂפָתַי תִּפְתָּח וֹפִי יַגִּיד תְּהִלְּתֶךָ:

(bow down) בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה (arise) יהוה, אֶלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, אֱלֹ הֵי bow down) אַבְרָהָם אֱלֹ הֵי יִצְחָק וֵאלֹ הֵי יַצְקֹ ב, הָאֵל הַגָּדוֹל הַגִּבּוֹר אַבְרָהָם אֱלֹ הֵי יִצְחָק וֵאלֹ הֵי יַצְקֹ ב, הָאֵל הַגָּדוֹל הַגִּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא. אֵל עֶלְיוֹן, גּוֹמֵל חֲסָדִים טוֹבִים וְקוֹנֵה הַכּ ֹל, זוֹכֵר חַסְדֵי אָבוֹת וּמֵבִיא גוֹאֵל לִבְנִי בְנֵיהֶם, מֶלֶךְ מוֹשִׁיעַ וּמְגַן.

(arise) בָּרוּךָ אַבְּרָהָם. (bow down) בָּרוּךָ אַבְּרָהָם

אַתָּה גִּבּוֹר לְעוֹלָם יְהוָה ,רַב לְהוֹשִׁיעַ ,מוֹרִיד הַטָּל ;מְכַלְכֵּל חַיִּים בְּחֶסֶד ,מְחַיֶּה מֵתִים בְּרַחֲמִים רַבִּים, רוֹפֵא חוֹלִים, וּמַתִּיר אֲסוּרִים, וּמְקִייֵם אֲמוּנָתוֹ לִישֵׁנִי עָפָר. מִי כָמוֹךָ בַּעַל גְּבוּרוֹת, וּמִי דוֹמֶה לָךְ מֵמִית וּמְחַיֶּה. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, מְחַיֶּה הַמֵּתִים.

קָדוֹשׁ אַתָּה וְנוֹרָא שְׁמָךְ וְאֵין אֱלוֹה מִבַּלְעָדָךְ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, הַמֶּלֶךְ הַקַּדוֹשׁ.

אַתָּה בְחַרְתָּנוּ מִכָּל הָעַמִּים, רָצִיתָ בָּנוּ מִכָּל הַלְּשׁוֹנוֹת, קְדַּשְׁתְּנוּ בִּמְצְוֹתִידָ, וְקַרַבְּתָנוּ מֵלְכֵּנוּ לַעֲבוֹדְתֶדָ. שִׁמְדֶ הַגָּדוֹל וְהַקְּדוֹשׁ עֲלֵינוּ קְבְאתָ. וַתִּתֶּן לָנוּ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ אֶת יוֹם הַכִּפּוּרִים הַזֶּה, לְסְלִיחָה וּלְמְחִילָה וּלְכַפֵּר בּוֹ עַל כָּל עֲוֹנוֹתֵינוּ; מִקְרָא קֹ דָשׁ, זֵכֶר לִיצִיאַת מִּצְרָיִם. מִּצְרָיִם.

אֶלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, מְחוֹל לַעְוֹנוֹתֵינוּ בְּיוֹם הַזֶּה. מְחֵה וְהַעֲבֵר פְּשָׁעֵינוּ מִנֶּגֶד עֵינֶיךָ, בָּאָמוּר: "אָנֹ כִי אָנֹ כִי הוּא מֹ חֶה פְּשָׁעֶיךָ לְמַעֲנִי. וְחַטֹּ אתֶיךָ לֹ א אָזְכּ ֹר." וְכָתוּב: "מָחִיתִי כָעָב פְּשָׁעֶיךָ וְכָעַנָן חַטּאוֹתֶיךָ. שׁוּבָה אֵלֵי כִּי גְאַלְתִּיךָ." וְכָתוּב: "כִּי בַיּוֹם הַזֶּה יְכַפֵּר עֲלֵיכֶם לְטַהֵר אֶתְכֶם, מִכּ ֹל חַטּא ֹתֵיכֶם לִפְנֵי יהוּה תִּטְהָרוּ."

טְהֵר לִבֵּנוּ לְעָבְדְּךָ בָּאֶמֶת, כִּי אַתָּה יהוה אֶלֹ הִים אֶמֶת. בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, מֶלֶךְ עַל כָּל הָאָרֶץ, מְקַדֵּשׁ (הַשֵּׁבָּת וְ) יִשְׂרָאֵל וְיוֹם הַכִּפּוּרִים.

רְצֵה יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ בְּעַמְּךָ וּתְפִּלְּתָם, וְהָשֵׁב עַבוֹדָה לִּדְבִיר בֵּיתֶךָ, וְאִשֵּׁי יִשְׂרָאֵל תְקַבֵּיל בְּרָצוֹן, וּתְהִי לְרָצוֹן עֲבוֹדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל. וְתָחֶזִינָה עֵינֵינוּ בְּשׁוּבְדֶ לְצִיּוֹן בְּרַחֲמִים. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה , הַמַּחְזִיר שְׁכִינָתוֹ לְצִיּוֹן.

(העוקם מוֹדִים אֲנַחְנוּ לָךְ שֶׁאַתָּה הוּא (arise) יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ לְעוֹלָם וֹעֵד, עַל חַיֵּינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נָפֶירָ וְתַל כֵּלְם תִּתְבָּרַךְ וְתִּתְרוֹמְם נִּסִירָ וְעַל כֵּלְם תִּתְבָּרַךְ וְתִּתְרוֹמְם כִּי יְחִיד אַתָּה וְאֵין זוּלְתָךְ.

(arise) בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה (bow down) יהוה, הַטוֹב שִׁמְדְ וּלְדְ נָאֶה לְהוֹדוֹת.

שִּׁים שָׁלוֹם, טוֹבָה, וּבְרָכָה עָלֵינוּ, חֵן וְחֶסֶד וְרַחֲמִים. וּבָרְכֵנוּ כֵּלְנוּ בִּמְאוֹר פָּנֶידָ נְתַמָּה לָנוּ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ, תּוֹרָה וְחֵיִּים, אַהֲבָה וְחֶסֶד צְדָקָה וְשָׁלוֹם, וְטוֹב בְּעֵינֶידָ לְבָרֵךְ אֶת עַמְּדְ יִשְׁלוֹם, וְטוֹב בְּעֵינֶידָ לְבָרֵךְ אֶת עַמְּדְ יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּכָל עֵת בַּשָּׁלוֹם. בָּרוּךְ אַתְּה יהוה , הַמְּבָרֵךְ אֶת עַמּוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל בַּשְׁלוֹם. (שׁׁׁׁׁׁם שִׁלוֹם. (שׁׁׁׁׁׁם) אָמֵן.

At this point one remains bowed down and proceeds to make penitent confession before God, along the lines of the following: "I implore You O ETERNAL; I have transgressed, acted wrongly, and wickedly before You. I have [elaborate on whatever sins were committed], and behold - I regret it and am embarrassed by my actions. I hereby commit to never return to doing these things again." (Laws of Prayer 1:2)

The formalized traditional text of confession can be found on the last page. However, one is not required to recite it. After confessing, while maintaining a bowed position, **continue:**

יִהְיוּ לְרָצוֹן אִמְרֵי פִי וְהֶגְיוֹן לִבִּי לְפָנֶיךָ, יהוה צוּרִי וְגוֹאֲלִי.

Take three steps back while remaining bent over, turn your head to the left and say:

שׁלוֹם

Turn your head to the right and say:

שַׁלוֹם

Lift your head from bowing and say:

(It is sufficient to merely nod to the left, to the right, and then lift one's head. What is said while nodding is non-binding tradition.)

SHAHARITH

Morning Shema

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם, יוֹצֵר אוֹר וּבוֹרֵא חֹ שֶׁךְ, עוֹשֶׂה שָׁלוֹם וּבוֹרֵא אֶת הַכּ ֹל; הַמֵּאִיר לָאָרֶץ וְלַדָּרִים עָלֶיהָ, הַמְחַדֵּשׁ בְּכָל יוֹם תָּלִוֹם וּבוֹרֵא אֶת הַכּ ֹל; הַמֵּאִיר לָאָרֶץ וְלַדָּרִים עָלֶיהָ, הַמְּחַדֵּשׁ בְּכָל יוֹם תָּמִיד מֵעֲשֵׂה בְרֵאשִׁית. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, יוֹצֵר הַמְּאוֹרוֹת.

אַהְבַּת עוֹלָם אֲהַבְּתָּנוּ יהוּה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ; חֶמְלָה גְּדוֹלָה יְתֵיכָה חָמַלְתָּ עָלֵינוּ אַבְינוּ, אָב בַּעֲבוּר אֲבוֹתֵינוּ שֶׁבָּטְחוּ בָּךְ; וַתְּלַמְּדֵנוּ חֻקֵּי חַיִּים; כֵּן תְּחָנֵּנוּ אָבִינוּ, אָב הָרַחֲמָן. הַמְּרַחֵם, רַחֵם עָלֵינוּ, וְתֶן בְּלִבֵּנוּ לְהָבִין, לִשְׁמוֹע, לִלְמוֹד, וּלְלַמֵּד, לִשְׁמוֹר, לַעֲשׂוֹת, וּלְקַיֵּם אֶת כָּל דִּבְרֵי תַלְמוּד תּוֹרָתְךָ בְּאַהֲבָה שְׁמֶךָ; הָאֵר עֵינֵינוּ בְּמִצְוֹתֶיךָ וְדַבֵּק לְבֵּנוּ לְיִרְאָתֶךָ, וְיַחֵד לְבָבֵנוּ לְאַהֲבָה שְׁמֶךָ; לֹא נֵבוֹשׁ לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד, כִּי בְשֵׁם קְדְשָׁךְ הַגָּדוֹל וְהַנּוֹרָא בְּטָחְנוּ. וַהְבִּיאֵנוּ לְשָׁלוֹם מֵאַרְבַּע כַּנְפוֹת הָאָרֶץ וְהוֹלִיכֵנוּ קוֹמְמִיּוּת לְאַרְצֵנוּ. נָגִילָה וְנִשְׂמְחָה בִישׁוּעֶתֶךָ, כִּי בָנוּ בָחַרְתָּ מִכָּל עָם וְלָשׁוֹן, וְקַרַבְתָּנוּ לְשִׁמְרָ לִשְׁמְרָ הַנִּוֹי לְשְׁמְרָב. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוּה, הַבּוֹחֵר בְּעַמּוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל.

'ehad' of daleth Pronunciation of the" ".the" in the word "th" is pronounced like the daleth An undotted dominion singular s'HaShem of acceptance renew should be elongated long enough to .(2,9Hil. Shema) ";the earth, and in all corners of the globe ,in the heavens

שְׁמַע יִשְׂרָאֵל יהוה אֱל ֹהֵינוּ יהוה

:אֶחָד

:whisper בָּרוּךְ שֵׁם כְּבוֹד מַלְכוּתוֹ, לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד

וְאָהַבְּתָּ אֵת יהוה אֱלֹ הֶיךֵ בְּכָל לְבָבְךֵ וּבְכָל נַפְּשְׁרֵ וּבְכָל מְאֹ דֶרֵ: וְהָיוּ הַדְּבָרִים הָאֵלֶּה אֲשֶׁר אָנֹ כִי מְצַוְּרֵ הַיּוֹם, עַל לְבָבֶרֵ: וְשִׁנַּנְתָּם לְבָנֶירֵ וְדִבַּרְתָּ בָּם, בְּשִׁבְתְּרֵ בְּבֵיתֶרֵ וּבְלֶכְתְּרֵ בַדֶּרֶךְ, וּבְשָׁכְבְּרֵ וּבְקוּמֶרֵ: וּקְשַׁרְתָּם לְאוֹת עַל יָדֶרָ, וְהָיוּ לְטֹ טָפּוֹת בֵּין עֵינֶירֵ: וּכְתַבְתָּם עַל מְזָזוֹת בֵּיתֶרֶ וּבִשְּׁעָרֶירֵ:

וְהָיָה אִם שָׁמֹעַ תִּשְׁמְעוּ אֶל מִצְוֹתֵי אֲשֶׁר אָנ ֹכִי מְצַנֶּה אֶת יהוה אֱלֹ הֵיכֶם וּלְעָבְדוֹ, בְּכָל לֶבְּכֶם הִּיִם, לְאַהְבָה אֶת יהוה אֱלֹ הֵיכֶם וּלְעָבְדוֹ, בְּכָל לְבַבְּכֶם וּבְּכָל נַפְשְׁכֶם: וְנָתַתִּי מְטַר אַרְצְכֶם בְּעִתּוֹ יוֹכֶה וּמַלְקוֹשׁ, וְאָסַפְתָּ דְגָנֶךְ וְתִיר שְׁרְ וִיצְהָרֶךְ: וְנָתַתִּי עֵשֶׂב בְּשָׁדְךְ לִבְהֶמְתֶּךְ, וְאָכַלְתָּ וְשָׂבָעְתָּ: הִשְּׁמְרוּ לָכֶם פֶּּן בְּשָׁדְרֶ לִבְּבֶכֶם, וְסַרְתָּם וַעֲבַדְתֶם אֱלֹ הִים אְחֵרִים יְפְתָּה לְבַבְּכֶם, וְסַרְתָּם וַעֲבַדְתֶּם אֱלֹ הִים אְחֵרִים וְהִשְׁמִים לָהֶם: וְחָרָה אֵף יהוה בָּכֶם וְעָצֵר אֶתְ הַשְׁמִים וְלֹ א יִהְיֶה מָטָר, וְהָאֲדָמָה לֹ א תִתֵּן אֶתְ יְבוּלָה, וַאְבַדְתֶּם מְהֵרָה מֵעַל הָאָכֶץ הַטֹּ בָה אֲשֶׁר יְבוּלְה, וַאְבַּדְתֶּם מְהֵרָה מֵעַל הָאָכֶץ הַטּ בָה אֲשֶׁר יְהוֹה נֹ תֵן לָכֶם: וְשַׂמְתֶּם אֶת דְּבָרֵי אֵלֶה עַל לְבַבְכֶם וְעֵיל נַפְשְׁכֶם, וּקְיַרְתָּם א ֹתָם לְאוֹת עַל יֶדְכֶם, וְהָיוּ

לְטוֹטָפּׂת בֵּין עֵינֵיכֶם: וְלִמַּדְתֶּם אֹתָם אֶת בְּנֵיכֶם לְדַבֵּר בָּם, בְּשִׁבְתְּךָ בְּבֵיתֶךְ וּבְלֶּכְתְּךָ בַדֶּכֶךְ וּבְשָׁכְבְּךָ וּבְקוּמֶךָ: וּכְתַבְתָּם עַל מְזוּזוֹת בֵּיתֶךְ וּבִשְׁעָכֶיךֵ: לְמַעַן יִרְבּוּ יְמֵיכֶם וִימֵי בְנֵיכֶם עַל הָאֲדָמָה אֲשֶׁר נִשְׁבַּע יהוה לַאֲבֹ תֵיכֶם לָתֵת לָהֶם, כִּימֵי הַשָּׁמַיִם עַל הָאָכֶץ:

וַיּ אמֶר יהוה אֶל מֹ שֶׁה לֵּאמֹ רֵ: דַּבֵּר אֶל בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל וְאָמֵרְתָּ אֲלֵהֶם וְעָשׂוּ לָהֶם צִיצִת עַל כַּנְפֵי בִּגְדֵיהֶם לְדֹ רֹ תָם, וְנָתְנוּ עַל צִיצִת הַכָּנָף פְּתִיל תְּכֵלֶת: וְהָיָה לְכֶם לְצִיצִת וּרְאִיתֶם אֹ תוֹ, וּזְכַרְתָּם אֶת כָּל מִצְוֹת יהוה וַעֲשִׂיתֶם אֹ תָם, וְלֹ א תָתוּרוּ אַחֲרֵי לְבַבְּכֶם וְאַחֲרֵי עֵינֵיכֶם אֲשֶׁר אַתֶּם זֹ נִים אַחֲרֵיהֶם: לְמַעַן וְאַחֲרֵי עֵינֵיכֶם אֲשֶׁר אַתֶּם זֹ נִים אַחֲרֵיהֶם: לְמַעַן תִּזְכְּרוּ וַעֲשִׂיתֶם אֶת כָּל מִצְוֹתִי, וְהְיִיתֶם קְדֹ שִׁים לֵּאלֹ הֵיכֶם אֲשֶׁר הוֹצֵאתִי אֶתְכֶם לֵאל הִים, אֲנִי יהוה מֵּל לָבֶם לֵאל הִים, אֲנִי יהוה אֱל הֵיכֶם לֵאל הִים, אֲנִי יהוה אֱל הֵיכֶם לֵאל הִים, אֲנִי יהוה אֱל הִיכֶם לֵאל הִים, אֲנִי יהוה

אֶמֶת וְיַצִּיב, נָכוֹן וְקַיָּם, יָשָׁר וְנֶאֶמָן, טוֹב וְיָפֶה הַדָּבָר הַזֶּה עָלֵינוּ וְעַל אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, עַל בָּנֵינוּ וְעַל דּוֹרוֹתֵינוּ, עַל הָרָאשׁוֹנִים וְהָאַחֲרוֹנִים דָּבָר קַיָּם, חֹק וְלֹא יַעֲבוֹר. אֱמֶת, שֶׁאַתָּה הוּא יהוה אֱלֹהֵינוּ וֵאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ; מַלְכֵּנוּ, מֶלֶךְ אֲבוֹתֵינוּ; גּוֹאֲלֵנוּ, גּוֹאֵל אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, מֵעוֹלָם הוּא שְׁמֶךְ וְאֵין אֱלֹהִים עוֹד זוּלָתֶךָ.

עֶזְרַת אֲבוֹתֵינוּ אַתָּה הוּא מֵעוֹלָם. מָגֵן וּמוֹשִּׁיעַ בְּנֵיהֶם אַחֲרֵיהֶם בְּכָל דּוֹר

זָדוֹר. אַשְׁרֵי אִישׁ שֶׁיִשְׁמַע לְמִצְוֹתֶיךָ, וְתוֹרָתְךָ וּדְבָרְךָ יָשִׂים עַל לְבּוֹ. אֱמֶת, אַשָּׁה הוּא אָדוֹן לְעַמָּךְ, מֶלֶךְ גִּבּוֹר לָרִיב רִיבָם. אֱמֶת, אַתָּה הוּא אָדוֹן לְעַמָּךְ, מֶלֶךְ גִּבּוֹר לָרִיב רִיבָם. אֱמֶת, אַתָּה הוּא אַחֲרוֹן, וּמִבּּלְעָדֶיךָ אֵין לָנוּ וּמוֹשִׁיעַ. מִמִּצְרַיִם גְּאַלְתָּנוּ, מָבֹּרְעָדֶיךָ אֵין לָנוּ וּמוֹשִׁיעַ. מִמִּצְרַיִם גְּאַלְתָּנוּ, מָבְרְתָ, וַיְרַיִּדִים פְּדִיתָנוּ, כָּל בְּכוֹרֵיהֶם הָרַגְתָּ, יַם סוּף בָּקַעְתָּ, וִידִידִים הְּבְּחוּ הְעֶבְּרְתָ, וַיְכַסוּ מֵיִם צָרֵיהֶם, אֶחָד מֵהֶם לֹ א נוֹתָר. עַל זֹ את שִׁבְּחוּ הְאָבְּחוֹ הְעָבֶיְם וְנִשָּׁא, גָּדוֹל וְנוֹרָא, מַשְׁפִּיל גַּאִים, מַגְבִּיהַ שְׁפָּלִים, מוֹצִיא וְקַיָּם. רָם וְנִשָּׂא, גָּדוֹל וְנוֹרָא, מַשְׁפִּיל גַּאִים, מַגְבִּיהַ שְׁפָלִים, מוֹצִיא אְסִירִים, פּוֹדֶה עֲנָוִים, וְעוֹנֶה לְעַמּוֹ בְּעֵת שַׁוְּעָם אֵלָיו, בָּרוּךְ הוּא. לְרָ אָמְרוּ שִׁיְּיָם, כָּלֹב יִמִי כָּמוֹךְ בָּאַלִים יהוּה, מִי כָּמֹ כָּה נָאְדָּר בַּקּ דָשׁ; נוֹרָא תְּהִלֹּת, עֹ שֵׂה פֶּלֶא. יהוֹה יִמְלֹ רֶ לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד. וְנֶאֱמָר: גּוֹאְלֵנוּ יהוֹה יְמְלֹרֶ בְּעוֹת שְׁכִּה, גָּאֵל יִשְׂרָאֵל.

Morning Standing Prayer

"Five things withhold one from properly fulfilling his duty to pray the Amida, even though the time for prayer arrived. If one prayed the Amida while violating one of these five, he is to pray the Amida again properly. These are they: purity of hands, covering of nakedness, purity of the location of prayer, absence of disturbances, and the intention of one's heart." (Laws of Prayer 4:1)

"There are eight matters that one praying the Amida should be careful to do. If he did not do these, either due to pressure or coercion, or if he simply transgressed and did not do one of them, he is not required to pray the Amida again. These are they: praying in a standing position, facing the direction of the Temple, preparation of the body, preparation of one's clothing, suitability of the location, lowering one's voice, bending down, and prostration." (Laws of Prayer 5:1)

אָדֹנָי, שְׂפָתַי תִּפְתָּח וֹפִי יַגִּיד תְּהִלְּתֶךָ:

(bow down) בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה (arise) יהוה, אֱלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, אֱלֹ הֵי bow down) אַבְרָהָם אֱלֹ הֵי יִצְחָק וֵאלֹ הֵי יַצְקֹ ב, הָאֵל הַגָּדוֹל הַגִּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא. אֵל עֶלְיוֹן, גּוֹמֵל חֲסָדִים טוֹבִים וְקוֹנֵה הַכֹּל, זוֹכֵר חַסְדֵי אָבוֹת וּמֵבִיא גוֹאֵל לִבְנֵי בְנֵיהֶם, מֶלֶךְ מוֹשִׁיעַ וּמְגַן.

(arise) בָּרוֹךָ אַבְּרָהָם. (bow down) בָּרוּךָ אַבְּרָהָם.

אַתָּה גָּבּוֹר לְעוֹלָם יְהנָה ,רַב לְהוֹשִׁיעַ ,מוֹרִיד הַשָּׁל ;מְכַלְכֵּל חַיִּים בְּחֶסֶד ,מְחַיֶּה מֵתִים בְּרַחֲמִים רַבִּים, רוֹפֵא חוֹלִים, וּמַתִּיר אַסוּרִים, וּמְקִייֵם אָמוּנָתוֹ לִישֵׁנֵי עָפָר. מִי כְמוֹדְ בַּעַל גְּבוּרוֹת, וּמִי דוֹמֶה לָךְ מֵמִית וּמְחַיֶּה. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, מְחַיֶּה הַמֵּתִים.

קָדוֹשׁ אַפָּה וְנוֹרָא שְׁמָךְ וָאֵין אֱלוֹה מִבַּלְעָדְךְ. בָּרוּךְ אַפָּה יהוה, הַמֶּלֶךְ הַקָּדוֹשׁ.

אַתָּה בְחַרְתָּנוּ מִכָּל הָעַמִּים, רָצִיתָ בָּנוּ מִכָּל הַלְּשׁוֹנוֹת, קְדַּשְׁתָּנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתֶידָ, וְקֵרַבְתָּנוּ מֵלְכֵּנוּ לַעֲבוֹדְתֶדָ. שִׁמְדְ הַגָּדוֹל וְהַקָּדוֹשׁ עֲלֵינוּ קָּמְצְוֹתֶינְ, וְמִתְּלְנוּ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ אֶת יוֹם הַכִּפּוּרִים הַזֶּה, לְסְלִיחָה וּלְמָתְילָה וּלְכַפֵּר בּוֹ עַל כָּל עֲוֹנוֹתֵינוּ; מִקְרָא קֹ דָשׁ, זֵכֶר לִיצִיאַת מִצְרָיִם.

אֶלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, מְחוֹל לַעֲוֹנוֹתֵינוּ בְּיוֹם הַזֶּה. מְחֵה וְהַעֲבֵר פְּשָׁעֵינוּ מִנֶּגֶד עֵינֶיךָ, כָּאָמוּר: "אָנֹ כִי אָנֹ כִי הוּא מֹ חֶה פְּשָׁעֵיךָ לְמַעֲנִי מִנְּגָד עֵינֶיךָ, כָּאָמוּר: "מָחִיתִי כָעָב פְּשָׁעֶיךָ לְמַעֲנִי. וְהַמּאוֹתֶיךָ לֹ א אֶזְכּ ֹר." וְכָתוּב: "כִּי בִּיּוֹם הַזֶּה וְכָעָנְן חַטּאוֹתֶיךָ. שׁוּבָה אֵלֵי כִּי גְאַלְתִּיךָ." וְכָתוּב: "כִּי בִיּוֹם הַזֶּה יְכַפֵּר עֲלֵיכֶם לְטַהֵר אֶתְכֶם, מִכּ ֹל חַטּא ֹתֵיכֶם לִפְנֵי יהוה תִּטְהָרוּ." טְהַר לִבֵּנוּ לְעָבְדְּךָ בָּאֶמֶת, כִּי אַמָּה יהוה אֱלֹ הִים אֱמֶת. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה טְהֵר לִבֵּנוּ לְעַבְדְּךָ בָּאֱמֶת, כִּי אַמָּה יהוה אֱלֹ הִים אֱמֶת. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה

יהוה, מֶלֶךְ עַל כָּל הָאָרֶץ, מְקַדִּשׁ (הַשַּׁבָּת וְ) יִשְׂרָאֵל וְיוֹם הַכִּפּוּרִים.

רְצֵה יהוה אֶל הֵינוּ בְּעַמְּךָ וּתְפִּלְּתָם, וְהָשֵׁב עַבוֹדָה לִּדְבִיר בֵּיתֶדָ, וְאָשֵׁי יִשְׂרָאֵל תְקַבֵּיל בְּרָצוֹן, וּתְהִי לְרָצוֹן עַבוֹדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל. וְתָחָזֶינָה עִינִינוּ בְּשׁרָאֵל תְקַבִּיל בְּרָצוֹן, וּתְהִי לְרָצוֹן עַבוֹדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל. וְתָחָזִיר שְׁכִינָתוֹ עֵינִינוּ בְּשׁוּבְדֶ לְצִיּוֹן בְּרַחֲמִים. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה , הַמַּחְזִיר שְׁכִינָתוֹ לְצִיּוֹן.

(bow down) מוֹדִים אֲנַחְנוּ לָךְ שֶׁאַתָּה הוּא (arise) יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ לְעוֹלָם וְעֵד, עַל חַיֵּינוּ הַמְּסוּרִים בְּיָדְךְ, עַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לַךְ, עַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לַךְ, עַל נָשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נָפֶיךְ וְתִּתְרוֹמְם נָפִיךְ וְתִּתְרוֹמְם נִּכִירְ וְתִּתְרוֹמְם כִּייְחִיד אַתָּה וְאֵין זוּלָתְךְ.

(arise) בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה (bow down) יהוה, הַטוֹב שִׁמְדְ וּלְדְ נָאָה לְהוֹדוֹת.

שִׁים שָׁלוֹם, טוֹבָה, וּבְרָכָה עָלֵינוּ, חֵן וְחֶסֶד וְרַחֲמִים. וּבְרְכֵנוּ כֵּלְנוּ בִּמְאוֹר פָּנֶידֶ נְתַמָּה לְנוּ יהוֹה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ, תּוֹרָה וְחֵיִּים, אַהַּבָה וְחֶסֶד צְדָקָה וְשָׁלוֹם, וְטוֹב בְּעֵינֶידֶ לְבָרֵךְ אֶת עַמְּדְ יִשְׁלוֹם. בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוֹה , הַמְּבָרֵךְ אֶת עַמוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּכָל עֵת בַּשָּׁלוֹם. בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוֹה , הַמְּבָרֵךְ אֶת עַמוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל בַּשְׁלוֹם. (bow down) אָמֵן.

At this point one remains bowed down and proceeds to make penitent confession before God, along the lines of the following: "I implore You O ETERNAL; I have transgressed, acted wrongly, and wickedly before You. I have [elaborate on whatever sins were committed], and behold - I regret it and am embarrassed by my actions. I hereby commit to never return to doing these things again." (Laws of Prayer 1:2)

The formalized traditional text of confession can be found on the last page. However, one is not required to recite it. After confessing, while maintaining a bowed position, <u>continue:</u>

יִהְיוּ לְרָצוֹן אִמְרֵי פִי וְהָגְיוֹן לִבִּי לְפָנֶיךָ, יהוה צוּרִי וְגוֹאֲלִי.

Take three steps back while remaining bent over, turn your head to the left and say:

Turn your head to the right and say:

שלום

Lift your head from bowing and say:

יַעַשֹּ'ָה שָׁלוֹם

(It is sufficient to merely nod to the left, to the right, and then lift one's head. What is said while nodding is non-binding tradition.)

MUSAF

(YOM HA-KIPPURIM ADDITIONAL PRAYER)

| Psalm 145 תהלים קמה

ּתָּהַלֵּה לְדַוִד אָרוֹמִמְּך אֱלוֹהַי הַמֶּלֶךְ; וַאֲבַרְכַה שָׁמְך לְעוֹלַם וַעֶד: בְּכָל יוֹם אֲבָרְכֶךָ וַאֲהַלְלָה שִׁמְךָ לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד: גָּדוֹל יהוה וּמִהֻלָּל מָא ֹד, וְלִגְדֻלַּתוֹ אֵין חֵקָר: דּוֹר לְדוֹר יְשַׁבַּח מַעֲשֶׂיךָ וּגְבוּר ֹתֶיךָ יַגִּידוּ: ַהָדר כָּבוֹד הוֹדֶךָ, וִדבָרי נפִלְאוֹתֵיךַ אֲשֹׁיחַה: ָוֶעֱזוּז נוֹרָאוֹתֶיךָ יֹאמֱרוּ, וּגְדֻלָּתְרָ אֲסַפְּרֶנָּה: ַזֶּכֶר רַב טוּבָךָ יַבִּיעוּ, וְצִדְקַתְּךָ יִרַנֵּנוּ: ַחַנוּן וְרַחוּם יהוה, אֶרֶךְ אַפַּיִים וּגְדָל חָסֵד: טוֹב יהוה לַכֹּל, וְרַחֲמֵיו עַל כַּל מַעֲשַׂיו: יוֹדוּךָ יהוה כָּל מַעֲשֶׂיךָ, וַחֲסִידֶיךַ יְבַרְכוּכָה: ּכָבוֹד מַלְכוּתָךָ י אמֱרוּ, וּגְבוּרָתָךָ יִדַבֶּרוּ: לָהוֹדיע לבָני הַאַדַם גִּבוּר תַיו, וּכְבוֹד הַדר מלְכוּתוֹ: מַלְכוּתָךָ מַלְכוּת כָּל ע לָמִים, וּמֵמְשַׁלְתָּךָ בִּכָּל דּוֹר וַד ר: סוֹמֶךְ יהוה לְכָל הַנּ פְּלִים, וְזוֹקַף לְכָל הַכְּפוּפִים: ָעֵינֵי כֹ ל אֵלֶיךָ יְשַׂבֵּרוּ, וְאַתָּה נוֹתֵן לָהֶם אֶת אָכְלָם בְּעִתּוֹ: פּוֹתֵחַ אֶת יָדֶךָ וּמַשְׂבִּיעַ לְכָל חַי רָצוֹן:

צַדִּיק יהוה בְּכָל דְּרָכָיו, וְחָסִיד בְּכָל מַעֲשָׂיו: קַרוֹב יהוה לְכָל ק´רְאָיו, לְכ´ל אֲשֶׁר יִקְרָאֵהוּ בֶּאֱמֶת: רְצוֹן יְרֵאָיו יַעֲשֶׂה, וְאֶת שַׁוְעָתָם יִשְׁמֵע וְיוֹשִׁיעֵם: שׁוֹמֵר יהוה אֶת כָּל א´הֲבָיו, וְאֵת כָּל הָרְשָׁעִים יַשְׁמִיד: תְּהִלֵּת יהוה יְדַבֶּר פִּי וִיבָרֱךְ כָּל בָּשָׂר שֵׁם קָדְשׁוֹ לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד:

"Five things withhold one from properly fulfilling his duty to pray the Amida, even though the time for prayer arrived. If one prayed the Amida while violating one of these five, he is to pray the Amida again properly. These are they: purity of hands, covering of nakedness, purity of the location of prayer, absence of disturbances, and the intention of one's heart." (Laws of Prayer 4:1)

"There are eight matters that one praying the Amida should be careful to do. If he did not do these, either due to pressure or coercion, or if he simply transgressed and did not do one of them, he is not required to pray the Amida again. These are they: praying in a standing position, facing the direction of the Temple, preparation of the body, preparation of one's clothing, suitability of the location, lowering one's voice, bending down, and prostration." (Laws of Prayer 5:1)

Musaf Standing Prayer

אָדֹנִי, שְׂפָתַי תִּפְתָּח וּפִי יַגִּיד תְּהִלְּתָבְ:

(bow down) בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה (arise) יהוה, אֱלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, אֱלֹ הֵי שִׁבְרָהָם אֱלֹ הֵי יִצְחָק וֵאלֹ הֵי יַצְקֹ ב, הָאֵל הַגָּדוֹל הַגִּבּוֹר אַבְרָהָם אֱלֹ הֵי יִצְחָק וֵאלֹ הֵי יַצְקֹ ב, הָאֵל הַגָּדוֹל הַגִּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא. אֵל עֶלְיוֹן, גּוֹמֵל חֲסָדִים טוֹבִים וְקוֹנֵה הַכּ ֹל, זוֹכֵר חַסְדֵי אָבוֹת וּמֵבִיא גוֹאֵל לִבְנֵי בְנֵיהֶם, מֶלֶךְ מוֹשִׁיעַ וּמְגַן.

(arise) בָּרוּךָ אַבְּרָהָם. (bow down) בָּרוּךָ אַבְּרָהָם

אַתָּה גִּבּוֹר לְעוֹלָם יְהוָה ,רַב לְהוֹשִׁיעַ ,מוֹרִיד הַשָּׁל ;מְכַלְבֵּל חַיִּים בְּחֶסֶד ,מְחַיֶּה מֵתִים בְּרַחֲמִים רַבִּים, רוֹפֵא חוֹלִים, וּמַתִּיר אֲסוּרִים, וּמְקַייֵּם אֱמוּנָתוֹ לִישֵׁנִי עָפָר. מִי כָמוֹךָ בַּעַל גְּבוּרוֹת, וּמִי דוֹמֶה לָךְ מֵמִית וּמְחַיֶּה. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, מְחַיֶּה הַמֵּתִים.

קָדוֹשׁ אַתָּה וְנוֹרָא שְׁמָךְ וְאֵין אֱלוֹה מִבַּלְעָדָךְ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, הַמֶּלֶךְ הַקַּדוֹשׁ.

אַתָּה בְחַרְתָּנוּ מִכָּל הָעַמִּים, רָצִיתָ בָּנוּ מִכָּל הַלְּשׁוֹנוֹת, קְדַּשְׁתַּנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתֶרָ, וְקַבְּשְׁתָּנוּ מַלְכֵּנוּ לַעֲבוֹדְתֶךָ. שִׁמְדֶ הַגָּדוֹל וְהַקְּדוֹשׁ עֲלֵינוּ קָרָאתָ. וַתִּתֶּן לָנוּ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ אֶת יוֹם הַכִּפּוּרִים הַזֶּה, לְסְלִיחָה וּלְמְחִילָה וּלְכַפֵּר בּוֹ עַל כָּל עֲוֹנוֹתֵינוּ; מִקְרָא קֹ דָשׁ, זֵכֶר לִיצִיאַת מִּצְרָיִם.

מְּפְּנֵי חֲטָאֵינוּ גָּלִינוּ מֵאַרְצֵנוּ וַנִּתְרַחַק מֵעַל אַדְמָתֵנוּ, וְאֵין אָנוּ
יְכוֹלִים לַעֲשׁוֹת חוֹבוֹתֵינוּ לְפָנֶיךָ. יְהִי רָצוֹן מִלְפָנֶיךָ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ,
שְׁתְּרַחֵם עָלֵינוּ וְעַל מִקְדָּשֶׁךְ בְּרַחֲמֶיךָ הָרַבִּים. קָרֵב פְּזוּרֵינוּ מִבֵּין
הַגּוֹיִם וּנְפוּצוֹתֵינוּ כַּנֵּס מִיֵּרְכְּתֵי אָרֶץ. וַהְבִיאֵנוּ לְצִיּוֹן בְּרָנָּה
וְלִירוּשָׁלַיִם עִירָךְ בְּשִׁמְחַת עוֹלָם, וְנַעֲשָׂה לְפָנֶיךָ קַרְבָּן חוֹבָתֵינוּ, אֶת
וֹלְירוּשְׁלַיִם עִירָךְ בְּשִׂמְחַת עוֹלָם, וְנַעֲשָׁה לְפָנֶיךָ קַרְבָּן חוֹבָתֵינוּ, אֶת
מוּסְפֵי (יוֹם הַשַּׁבָּת הַזָּה וְאֶת) יוֹם צוֹם הַכִּפּוּרִים הַזֶּה, כְּמוֹ שֶׁבָּתַבְתְּ עַלֵינוּ

אֶלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי אָבוֹתֵינוּ, מְחוֹל לַעְוֹנוֹתֵינוּ בְּיוֹם הַזֶּה. מְחֵה וְהַעֲבֵר פְּשָׁעֵינוּ מִנֶּגֶד עֵינֶיךָ, כָּאָמוּר: "אָנֹ כִי אָנֹ כִי הוּא מֹ חֶה פְּשָׁעֶיךְ לְמַעֲנִינוּ מִנֶּגֶד עֵינֶיךָ, כָּאָמוּר: "אָנֹ כִי הוּא מֹ חֶה פְּשָׁעֶיךְ לְמַעֲנִי. וְחַטֹּ אֹתֶיךָ לֹ א אֶזְכּ ֹר." וְכָתוּב: "כִּי בִּיּוֹם הַזֶּה וְכָעַנָן חַטּאוֹתֶיךָ. שׁוּבָה אֵלֵי כִּי גְאַלְתִּיךָ." וְכָתוּב: "כִּי בַיּוֹם הַזֶּה יְכַפֵּר עֲלֵיכֶם לְטַהֵר אֶתְכֶם, מִכּ ֹל חַטּא ֹתֵיכֶם לִפְנֵי יהוה תִּטְהָרוּ."

טֲהֵר לִבֵּנוּ לְעָבְדְּךָ בָּאֶמֶת, כִּי אַמָּה יהוה אֱלֹ הִים אֱמֶת. בָּרוּךְ אַמָּה יהוה, מֶלֶךְ עַל כָּל הָאָרֶץ, מְקַדֵּשׁ (הַשַּׁבָּת וְ) יִשְׂרָאֵל וְיוֹם הַכִּפּוּרִים.

רְצֵה יהוה אֶלֹ הֵינוּ בְּעַמְּךֶ וּתְפִּלְּתָם, וְהָשֵׁב עַבוֹדָה לִּדְבִיר בֵּיתֶדָ, וְאָשֵׁי יִשְׂרָאֵל תְקַבֵּיל בְּרָצוֹן, וּתְהִי לְרָצוֹן עֲבוֹדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל. וְתָחָזֶינָה עֵינֵינוּ בְּשׁוּבְדֶ לְצִיּוֹן בְּרַחֲמִים. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה , הַמַּחְזִיר שְׁכִינָתוֹ לְצִיּוֹן.

(העולם הוא מוֹדִים אֲנַחְנוּ לָךְ שֶׁאַתָּה הוּא (arise) יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ לְעוֹלָם וְעֵד, עַל חַיֵּינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נָפִידְ וְתַּתְרוֹמְם נָכִידְ וְתַּתְרוֹמְם נִּכִידְ וְתִּתְרוֹמְם כִּי יְחִיד אַתָּה וְאֵין זוּלְתְךְ.

(arise) בָּרוּךָ אַתָּה (bow down) יהוה, הַטוֹב שִׁמְדָ וּלְדָ נָאֶה לְהוֹדוֹת.

At this point one remains bowed down and proceeds to make penitent confession before God, along the lines of the following: "I implore You O ETERNAL; I have transgressed, acted wrongly, and wickedly before You. I have [elaborate on whatever sins were committed], and behold - I regret it and am embarrassed by my actions. I hereby commit to never return to doing these things again." (Laws of Prayer 1:2)

The formalized traditional text of confession can be found on the last page. However, one is not required to recite it. After confessing, while maintaining a bowed position, **continue:**

יִהְיוּ לְרָצוֹן אִמְרֵי פִי וְהָגְיוֹן לִבִּי לְפָנֶיךָ, יהוה צוּרִי וְגוֹאֲלִי.

Take three steps back while remaining bent over, turn your head to the left and say:

שלום

Turn your head to the right and say:

שלום

Lift your head from bowing and say:

יַעַשֹּ'ָה שָׁלוֹם

(It is sufficient to merely nod to the left, to the right, and then lift one's head. What is said while nodding is non-binding tradition.)

MINHA

(YOM HA-KIPPURIM AFTERNOON PRAYER)

| Psalm 145תהלים קמה

תְּהָלָּה לְדָוִד אֲרוֹמִמְךָ אֱלוֹהַי הַמֶּלֶךְ; וַאְבָּרְכָה שִׁמְךָ לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד:
בְּכָל יוֹם אֲבָרְכֶךָ וַאֲהַלְּלָה שִׁמְךָ לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד:
דּוֹר לְדוֹר יְשַׁבַּח מַעְשֶׁירֶ וּגְבוּרֹ תֶיךְ יַגִּידוּ:
הְדֵר כְּבוֹד הוֹדֶךָ, וְדִבְרֵי נִפְּלְאוֹתֶיךָ אָשִׂיחָה:
הַדָּר כְּבוֹד הוֹדֶךָ, וְדִבְרֵי נִפְּלְאוֹתֶיךָ אֲסַפְּרֶנָּה:
הַנוּן וְרַחוּם יהוֹה, אֶרֶךְ אַפַּיִים וּגְדָל חָסֶד:
חַנּוּן וְרַחוּם יהוֹה, אֶרֶךְ אַפַּיִים וּגְדָל חָסֶד:
טוֹב יהוֹה לַכּ ֹל, וְרַחֲמָיו עַל כָּל מַעְשָׂיו:
יוֹדוּךְ יהוֹה כָּל מַעְשָּׂירָ, וַחֲסִידֶיךָ יְבָרְכוּכָה:
בְּבוֹד מַלְכוּתְרָ יֹ אמֵרוּ, וּגְבוּרַתְרָ יְדַבֶּרוּ:

לְהוֹדִיעַ לִבְנֵי הָאָדָם גְּבוּרֹ תָיו, וּכְבוֹד הֲדַר מַלְכוּתוֹ: מַלְכוּתְרֶ מַלְכוּת כָּל עֹ לָמִים, וּמֶמְשַׁלְתְּרֶ בְּכָל דּוֹר וָדֹר: סוֹמֵךְ יהוה לְכָל הַנּ פְּלִים, וְזוֹקֵף לְכָל הַכְּפוּפִים: עֵינֵי כֹ ל אֵלֶיךָ יְשַׂבֵּרוּ, וְאַתָּה נוֹתֵן לָהֶם אֶת אָכְלָם בְּעִתּוֹ: פּוֹתֵחַ אֶת יָדֶרֶ וּמַשְׂבִּיעַ לְכָל חַי רָצוֹן: צַדִּיק יהוה בְּכָל דְּרָכָיו, וְחָסִיד בְּכָל מַעֲשָׂיו: קַרוֹב יהוה לְכָל קֹ רְאָיו, לְכֹ ל אֲשֶׁר יִקְרָאֵהוּ בָאֱמֶת: רְצוֹן יְרֵאָיו יַעֲשֶׂה, וְאֶת שַׁוְעָתָם יִשְׁמַע וְיוֹשִׁיעֵם: שִׁוֹמֵר יהוה אֶת כָּל א ֹ הֲבָין, וְאֵת כָּל בְּשָׂר שֵׁם קְּדְשׁוֹ לְעוֹלָם וְעָד: תְּהִלֵּת יהוה יְדַבֶּר פִּי וִיבָרֶךְ כָּל בְּשָׂר שֵׁם קְּדְשׁוֹ לְעוֹלָם וְעָד:

Afternoon Standing Prayer

"Five things withhold one from properly fulfilling his duty to pray the Amida, even though the time for prayer arrived. If one prayed the Amida while violating one of these five, he is to pray the Amida again properly. These are they: purity of hands, covering of nakedness, purity of the location of prayer, absence of disturbances, and the intention of one's heart." (Laws of Prayer 4:1)

"There are eight matters that one praying the Amida should be careful to do. If he did not do these, either due to pressure or coercion, or if he simply transgressed and did not do one of them, he is not required to pray the Amida again. These are they: praying in a standing position, facing the direction of the Temple, preparation of the body, preparation of one's clothing, suitability of the location, lowering one's voice, bending down, and prostration." (Laws of Prayer 5:1)

אַדֹנָי, שְׂפָתַי תִּפְתָּח וּפִי יַגִּיד תְהִלְּתֶךָ:

(bow down) בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה (arise) יהוה, אֶלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, אֶלֹ הֵי שׁבְרָהָם אֱלֹ הֵי יִצְחָק וֵאלֹ הֵי יַצְקֹ ב, הָאֵל הַגָּדוֹל הַגִּבּוֹר אַבְרָהָם אֱלֹ הֵי יִצְחָק וֵאלֹ הֵי יַצְקֹ ב, הָאֵל הַגָּדוֹל הַגִּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא. אֵל עֶלְיוֹן, גּוֹמֵל חֲסָדִים טוֹבִים וְקוֹנֵה הַכּ ֹל, זוֹכֵר חַסְדֵי אָבוֹת וּמֵבִיא גוֹאֵל לִבְנִי בְנֵיהֶם, מֶלֶךְ מוֹשִׁיעַ וּמְגַן.

(arise) בָּרוּךָ אַבְּרָהָם. (bow down) בָּרוּךָ אַבְּרָהָם

אַהַלְבֵּל יְמוֹלָם יְהוָה ,רַב לְהוֹשִׁיעַ ,מוֹרִיד הַטָּל ;מְכַלְבֵּל

חַיִּים בְּחֶסֶד ,מְחַיֶּה מֵתִים בְּרַחֲמִים רַבִּים, רוֹפֵא חוֹלִים, וּמַתִּיר אֲסוּרִים, וּמְקִייֵּם אֲמוּנָתוֹ לִישֵׁנִי עָפָר. מִי כָמוֹךָ בַּעַל גְּבוּרוֹת, וּמִי דוֹמֶה לָךְ מֵמִית וּמְחַיֶּה. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, מְחַיֶּה הַמֵּתִים.

קָדוֹשׁ אַתָּה וְנוֹרָא שְׁמָךְ וְאֵין אֱלוֹה מִבַּלְעָדָךְ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, הַמֶּלֶךְ הַקַּדוֹשׁ.

אַתָּה בְחַרְתָּנוּ מִכָּל הָעַמִּים, רָצִיתָ בָּנוּ מִכָּל הַלְּשׁוֹנוֹת, קְדַּשְׁתְּנוּ בַּמְצְוֹתִידָ, וְקַרַבְּתָּנוּ מַלְכֵּנוּ לַעֲבוֹדְתֶדָ. שִׁמְדֶ הַגָּדוֹל וְהַקָּדוֹשׁ עֲלֵינוּ קָרָאתָ. וַתִּתֶּן לְנוּ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ אֶת יוֹם הַכִּפּוּרִים הַזֶּה, לְסְלִיחָה וּלְמְחִילָה וּלְכַפֵּר בּוֹ עַל כָּל עֲוֹנוֹתֵינוּ; מִקְרָא קֹ דָשׁ, זֵכֶר לִיצִיאַת מִּצְרָיִם.

אֶלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, מְחוֹל לַעֲוֹנוֹתֵינוּ בְּיוֹם הַזֶּה. מְחֵה וְהַעֲבֵר פְּשָׁעֵינוּ מִנֶּגֶד עֵינֶיךָ, בָּאָמוּר: "אָנֹ כִי אָנֹ כִי הוּא מֹ חֶה פְשָׁעֶיךְ לְמַעֲנִי. וְחַטֹּ אתֶיךָ לֹ א אָזְכּ ֹר." וְכָתוּב: "מָחִיתִי כָעָב פְּשָׁעֶיךְ וְכָעָנָן חַטּאוֹתֶיךָ. שׁוּבָה אֵלֵי כִּי גְאַלְתִּיךָ." וְכָתוּב: "כִּי בַיּוֹם הַזֶּה יְכַפֵּר עֲלֵיכֶם לְטַהֵר אֶתְכֶם, מִכּ ֹל חַטּא ֹתֵיכֶם לִפְנֵי יהוֹה תִּטְהָרוּ."

טְהֵר לִבֵּנוּ לְעָרְדְּךָ בָּאֲמֶת, כִּי אַתָּה יהוה אֱלֹ הִים אֱמֶת. בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, מֶלֶךְ עַל כָּל הָאָרֶץ, מְקַדֵּשׁ (הַשַּׁבָּת וְ) יִשְׂרָאֵל וְיוֹם הַכִּפּוּרִים.

רְצֵה יהוה אֶלֹ הֵינוּ בְּעַמְּךֶ וּתְפִּלְּתָם, וְהָשֵׁב עַבוֹדָה לִּדְבִיר בֵּיתֶדָ, וְאִשֵּׁי יִשְׂרָאֵל תְקַבֵּיל בְּרָצוֹן, וּתְהִי לְרָצוֹן עֲבוֹדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל. וְתָחָזֶינָה עֵינֵינוּ בְּשׁוּבְדֶ לְצִיּוֹן בְּרַחֲמִים. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה , הַמַּחְזִיר שְׁכִינָתוֹ

ַלְצִיּוֹן.

(העולם הוא מוֹדִים אֲנַחְנוּ לָךְ שֶׁאַתָּה הוּא (arise) יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ לְעוֹלָם וֹעֵד, עַל חַיֵּינוּ הַמְּסוּרִים בְּיָדְךָ, עַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נָפֶידְ וְתַּתְרוֹמְם נָּסִידְ וְתַלְּכָל עַת, עֶרֶב וָב ֹקֶר; וְעַל כֵּלְם תִּתְבָּרַךְ וְתִּתְרוֹמְם כִּי יְחִיד אַתָּה וְאֵין זוּלְתְךְ.

(arise) בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה (bow down) יהוה, הַטוֹב שִׁמְדְ וּלְדְ נְאָה לְהוֹדוֹת.

שִּׁים שָׁלוֹם, טוֹבָה, וּבְרָכָה עָלֵינוּ, חֵן וְחֶסֶד וְרַחֲמִים. וּבָרְכֵנוּ כֵּלְנוּ בִּמְאוֹר פָּנֶידָ, כִּי מִמְּאוֹר פָּנֶידָ נְתַמָּה לָנוּ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ, תּוֹרָה וְחַיִּים, אַהַבָּה וְחֶסֶד צְדָקָה וְשָׁלוֹם, וְטוֹב בְּעֵינֶידָ לְבָרֵךְ אֶת עַמְּדְ יִשְׁלוֹם. בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה , הַמְּבָרֵךְ אֶת עַמוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל בַּשָׁלוֹם. בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה , הַמְּבָרֵךְ אֶת עַמוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל בַּשָּׁלוֹם. (bow down) אָמֵן.

At this point one remains bowed down and proceeds to make penitent confession before God, along the lines of the following: "I implore You O ETERNAL; I have transgressed, acted wrongly, and wickedly before You. I have [elaborate on whatever sins were committed], and behold - I regret it and am embarrassed by my actions. I hereby commit to never return to doing these things again." (Laws of Prayer 1:2)

The formalized traditional text of confession can be found on the last page. However, one is not required to recite it. After confessing, while maintaining a bowed position, <u>continue:</u>

יִהְיוּ לְרָצוֹן אִמְרֵי פִי וְהָגְיוֹן לִבִּי לְפָנֶיךָ, יהוה צוּרִי וְגוֹאֲלִי.

Take three steps back while remaining bent over, turn your head to the left and say:

שלום

Turn your head to the right and say:

שַׁלוֹם

Lift your head from bowing and say:

יַעש ה שַׁלוֹם

NE'ILA

Standing Prayer of the "Locking"

(recited at sunset)

"Five things withhold one from properly fulfilling his duty to pray the Amida, even though the time for prayer arrived. If one prayed the Amida while violating one of these five, he is to pray the Amida again properly. These are they: purity of hands, covering of nakedness, purity of the location of prayer, absence of disturbances, and the intention of one's heart." (Laws of Prayer 4:1)

"There are eight matters that one praying the Amida should be careful to do. If he did not do these, either due to pressure or coercion, or if he simply transgressed and did not do one of them, he is not required to pray the Amida again. These are they: praying in a standing position, facing the direction of the Temple, preparation of the body, preparation of one's clothing, suitability of the location, lowering one's voice, bending down, and prostration." (Laws of Prayer 5:1)

Sit for a moment; clear your thoughts, then stand and pray:

אָדֹנָי, שְׂפָתַי תִּפְתָּח וֹפִי יַגִּיד תְּהִלָּתֶךָ:

(bow down) בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה (arise) יהוה, אֶלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, אֱלֹ הֵי שׁבְרָהָם אֱלֹ הֵי יִצְחָק וֵאלֹ הֵי יַצְקֹ ב, הָאֵל הַגָּדוֹל הַגִּבּוֹר אַבְרָהָם אֱלֹ הֵי יִצְחָק וֵאלֹ הֵי יַצְקֹ ב, הָאֵל הַגָּדוֹל הַגִּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא. אֵל עֶלְיוֹן, גּוֹמֵל חֲסָדִים טוֹבִים וְקוֹנֵה הַכּ ֹל, זוֹכֵר חַסְדֵי אָבוֹת וּמֵבִיא גוֹאֵל לִבְנֵי בְנֵיהֶם, מֶלֶךְ מוֹשִׁיעַ וּמְגַן.

(arise) בָּרוּדָ אַבְּרָהָם (bow down) בָּרוּדָ אַבְּרָהָם

אַתָּה גִּבּוֹר לְעוֹלָם יְהוָה ,רַב לְהוֹשִׁיעַ ,מוֹרִיד הַטָּל ;מְכַלְבֵּל חַיִּים בְּחֶסֶד ,מְחַיֶּה מֵתִים בְּרַחֲמִים רַבִּים, רוֹפֵא חוֹלִים, וּמַתִּיר אַסוּרִים, וּמְקַייֵּם אֱמוּנָתוֹ לִישֵׁנִי עֲפָר. מִי כָמוֹךְ בַּעַל גְּבוּרוֹת, וּמִי דוֹמֶה לָךְ מֵמִית וּמְחַיֶּה. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, מְחַיֶּה הַמֵּתִים.

קָדוֹשׁ אַתָּה וְנוֹרָא שְׁמָךְ וְאֵין אֱלוֹה מִבַּלְעָדָךְ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, הַמֶּלֶךְ הַקַּדוֹשׁ.

אַתָּה בְחַרְתָּנוּ מִכָּל הָעַמִּים, רָצִיתָ בָּנוּ מִכָּל הַלְּשׁוֹנוֹת, קּדַּשְׁתָּנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתֶידֶ, וְקַרַבְתָּנוּ מַלְכֵּנוּ לַעֲבוֹדְתֶדֶ. שִׁמְדֶ הַגָּדוֹל וְהַקְּדוֹשׁ עֲלֵינוּ קָּבְאָתְ. וַתִּתֶּן לָנוּ יהוה אֶלֹ הֵינוּ אֶת יוֹם הַכִּפּוּרִים הַזֶּה, לְסְלִיחָה וּלְמְחִילָה וּלְכַפֵּר בּוֹ עַל כָּל עֲוֹנוֹתֵינוּ; מִקְרָא קֹ דָשׁ, זֵכֶר לִיצִיאַת מִּצְרָיִם.

אֶלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, מְחוֹל לַעְוֹנוֹתֵינוּ בְּיוֹם הַזֶּה. מְחֵה וְהַעֲבֵר פְּשָׁעֵינוּ מָנֶּגֶד עֵינֶיךָ, כָּאָמוּר: "אָנֹ כִי אָנֵ כִי הוּא מֹ חֶה פְשָׁעֶיךְ לְמַעֲנִינוּ מִנֶּגֶד עֵינֶיךָ, כָּאָמוּר: "אָנֹ כִי הוּא מֹ חֶה פְשָׁעֶיךְ לְמַעֲנִי. וְחַטֹּ אֹתֶיךָ לֹ א אֶזְכּ ֹר." וְכָתוּב: "כִּי בִּיּוֹם הַזֶּה וְכָעֲנָן חַטּאוֹתֶיךָ. שׁוּבָה אֵלֵי כִּי גְאַלְתִּיךָ." וְכָתוּב: "כִּי בַיּוֹם הַזֶּה יְכַפֵּר עֲלֵיכֶם לְטַהֵר אֶתְכֶם, מִכּ ֹל חַטּא ֹתֵיכֶם לִפְנֵי יהוֹה תִּטְהָרוּ."

טְהֵר לִבֵּנוּ לְעָרָדְּךָ בָּאֶמֶת, כִּי אַתָּה יהוה אֱלֹ הִים אֱמֶת. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, מֶלֶךְ עַל כָּל הָאָרֶץ, מְקַדֵּשׁ (הַשַּׁבָּת וְ) יִשְׂרָאֵל וְיוֹם הַכִּפּוּרִים.

רְצֵה יהוה אֶלֹ הֵינוּ בְּעַמְּךְ וּתְפִּלְּתָם, וְהָשֵׁב עַבוֹדָה לִדְבִיר בֵּיתֶךְ, וְאִשֵּׁי יִשְׂרָאֵל תְקַבֵּיל בְּרָצוֹן, וּתְהִי לְרָצוֹן עֲבוֹדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל. וְתָחֶזֶינָה עֵינֵינוּ בְּשׁוּבְךָ לְצִיּוֹן בְּרַחֲמִים. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה , הַמַּחְזִיר שְׁכִינָתוֹ לְצִיּוֹן.

מוֹדִים אֲנַחְנוּ לָךָ שֶׁאַתָּה הוּא (arise) מוֹדִים אֲנַחְנוּ לָךָ שֶׁאַתָּה הוּא (bow down)

וְעֵד, עַל חַיֵּינוּ הַמְּסוּרִים בְּיָדָךְ, עַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָךְ, עַל נָסֶידָ וְרַחָמֶידָ שֶׁבְּכָל עַת, עֶרֶב וָב ֹקֶר; וְעַל כֵּלָם תִּתְבָּרַךְ וְתִּתְרוֹמֶם כִּי יְחִיד אַתָּה וְאֵין זוּלְתָךְ.

(arise) בָּרוּךָ אַתָּה (bow down) יהוה, הַטוֹב שִׁמְדָ וּלְדָ נָאֶה לְהוֹדוֹת.

At this point one remains bowed down and proceeds to make penitent confession before God, along the lines of the following: "I implore You O ETERNAL; I have transgressed, acted wrongly, and wickedly before You. I have [elaborate on whatever sins were committed], and behold - I regret it and am embarrassed by my actions. I hereby commit to never return to doing these things again." (Laws of Prayer 1:2)

The formalized traditional text of confession can be found on the last page. However, one is not required to recite it. After confessing, while maintaining a bowed position, **continue:**

יִהְיוּ לְרָצוֹן אִמְרֵי פִי וְהָגְיוֹן לִבִּי לְפָנֶיךָ, יהוה צוּרִי וְגוֹאֲלִי.

Take three steps back while remaining bent over, turn your head to the left and say:

שלום

Turn your head to the right and say:

שַׁלוֹם

Lift your head from bowing and say:

יַעֲשֶֹׂה שָׁלוֹם

(It is sufficient to merely nod to the left, to the right, and then lift one's head. What is said while nodding is non-binding tradition.)

CONFESSION

The Traditional Confession / Widuy

As explained at the end of each Standing Prayer, one is not required to recite this exact formulation of confession. Nonetheless, it has been the custom of Israel since ancient times to confess in the following format:

אָנָא, מָבֹא לְפָנֶיךָ מִּפִּלְּתֵנוּ וְאֵל מִּתְעַלֵּם מִמְּחִנְּתֵנוּ, שֶׁאֵין אֲנַחְנוּ עַזֵּי פָנִים וּקְשֵׁי עֹ ֶרֶף לוֹמַר לְפָנֶיךָ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ 'צַדִּיקִים אֲנַחְנוּ וְלֹ ֹא חָטָאנוּ.' אֲבָל חָטָאנוּ. וֵאלֹ הֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ 'צַדִּיקִים אֲנַחְנוּ וְלֹ ֹא חָטָאנוּ.' אֲבָל חָטָאנוּ.

אָשַׁמְנוּ. בָּגַדְנוּ. גָּזַלְנוּ. דִּבַּרְנוּ דֹפִי. הָעָוִינוּ. וְהִרְשַׁעְנוּ. זַדְנוּ. חָמַסְנוּ. טְפַלְנוּ שֶׁקֶר. יָעַצְנוּ רָע. כִּזַּבְנוּ. לַצְנוּ. מְרַדְנוּ. נִאַצְנוּ. סְרַרְנוּ. עָוִינוּ. עָּיִנוּ. שָׁחַתְנוּ. שָׁרַרְנוּ. אָרַרְנוּ. קִשִּׁינוּ עֹ רֶף. רָשַׁעְנוּ. שְׁחַתְנוּ. מְּעַבְנוּ. חָעִינוּ וְתִעֲתַעְנוּ. מְעַבְנוּ.

סַרְנוּ מִמִּצְוֹתֶיךָ וּמִמִּשְׁפָּטֶיךָ הַטּוֹבִים וְלֹ`א שָׁוָה לְנוּ. וְאַתָּה צַדִּיק עַל כָּל הַבָּא עָלֵינוּ, כִּי אֱמֶת עָשִׂיתָ, וַאְנַחְנוּ הִרְשִׁעְנוּ:

מַה נּא ֹמֵר לְפָנֶיךָ יוֹשֵׁב מָרוֹם? וּמַה נְּסַפּּר לְפָנֶיךָ שׁוֹכֵן שְׁחָקִים? הַלֹּא כָל הַנִּסְתָּרוֹת וְהַנִּגְלוֹת אַתָּה יוֹדֵעַ? אַתָּה יוֹדֵעַ? אַתָּה יוֹדֵעַ? הַנְי כְל חָי. אַתָּה חוֹפֵשׁ כָּל חַדְרֵי בְטֶן, רוֹאָה כְלִיוֹת וָלֵב. אֵין דָבָר נָעְלָם מִמְּךְ, וְאֵין נִסְתָּר מִנָּגָד רוֹאָה כְלִיוֹת וָלֵב. אֵין דָבָר נָעְלָם מִמְּדְ, וְאֵין נִסְתָּר מִנָּגָד עִינֶּיך:

יְהִי רָצוֹן מִלְּפָנֶיךָ יהוה אֱלֹ הֵינוּ וֵאלֹ הֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, שֶׁתִּקְחֹ לֹ לְנוּ עַל כָּל חַטּא ֹתֵינוּ וּתְכַפֵּר לְנוּ עַל כָּל עֲוֹנוֹתֵינוּ, וְתִסְלַח לְכָל פִּשָׁעֵינוּ:

צַל חֵטָא שֶׁחָטָאנוּ לְפָנֶיךָ בְּזָדוֹן וּבִשְׁגָגָה:

צַל חַטְא שֶׁחָטָאנוּ לְפָנֶיךָ בְּגִלּוּי וּבַסְּתֶר:

ַצַל חֵטְא שֶׁחָטָאנוּ לְפָנֶיךָ בְּא ֹנֶס וּבְרָצוֹן:

צַל חֲטָאִים שֶׁאָנוּ חַיָּבִים עֲלֵיהֶם קָרְבַּן:

צַל חֲטָאִים שֶׁאָנוּ חַיָּבִים עֲלֵיהֶם כָּרֵת:

עַל חֲטָאִים שֶׁאָנוּ חַיָּבִים עֲלֵיהֶם אַרְבַּע מִיתוֹת בֵּית דִּין, חֲנֶק, הֶּבֶג, שְׁבֵפָה, וּסְקִילָה: עַל הַגְּלוּיִים לְנוּ וְעַל שֶׁאֵינָן גְּלוּיִים לְנוּ, בְּגְלוּיִים לְנוּ בְּבָר אָמֵרְנוּם לְפָנֶיךָ, וְשָׁאֵינָן גְּלוּיִים לְנוּ, לְנוּ. הַגְּלוּיִים לְנוּ בְּבָר אָמֵרְנוּם לְפָנֶיךָ, וְשָׁאֵינָן גְּלוּיִים לְנוּ, לְפָנֶיךָ הֵם יְדּוּעִים, כַּכָּתוּב: "הַנִּסְתָּר ֹת לֵיהוֹה אֱלֹהֵינוּ, וְהַנִּגְינוּ עַד עוֹלָם לַעֲשׁוֹת אֶת כָּל דִּבְרֵי הַתּוֹרָה הַזּאֹ'ת."

כִּי אַתָּה סַלְחָן לְיִשְׂרָאֵל וּמַחְלָן לְשִׁבְטֵי יְאֵרוּן, וּמִבַּלְעָדֶיךָ אֵין לָנוּ מֶלֶךְ מוֹחֵל וְסוֹלֵחַ.

אֶלהַי, עַד שֶׁלֹּא נוֹצַרְתִּי אֵינִי כְדַאי, וְעַכְשָׁו שֶׁנּוֹצַרְתִּי כְּאִלּוּ לֹא נוֹצַרְתִּי. עָפָר אֲנִי בְחַיָּי, קַל וָחֹ מֶר בְּמִיתָתִי. הַרֵינִי לְפָנֶיךָ כִּכְלִי מָלֵא בּוּשָׁה וּכְלִמָּה:

יְהִי רָצוֹן מִלְּפָנֶיךָ, שֶׁלֹא אֶחֲטָא, וּמַה שֶׁחָטָאתִי מְרֹק בְּרַחֲמֶיךָ הָרַבִּים, אֲבָל לֹא עַל יְדֵי יִסוּרִים.

יִהְיוּ לְרָצוֹן אִמְרֵי פִי וְהָגְיוֹן לִבִּי לְפָנֶיךָ, יהוה צוּרִי וְגוֹאֲלִי.

May you be written and sealed in the book of life and in the book of remembrance. Shana tova!